The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Edward M. Tasson has been appointed tobacco inspector for the first district of Missouri.

—A gale on the north coast of England last Tuesday night caused serious loss of life and property.

—The Highwood House, a large summer hotel at Tenady, N. J., was burned last Tuesday night. Loss $40,000; insurance $40,000.

—The Coroner's inquiry into the sudden death of Captain Carson in Cleveland on Monday resulted in finding that it resulted from natural causes.

—A fire at Ottawa, Ohio, on Wednesday, destroyed Goldsmith's bakery, the Ottawa House, and Shadrock's saloon and bakery. Loss from $12,000 to $15,000; insurance $3,500.

—On Tuesday night burglars broke open the safe in T. A. Limon's furniture store in Sandusky, O., and stole ninety dollars in currency and about four hundred dollars in notes.

—The biennial session of the Sigma Chi fraternity of the United States convened in Richmond, Va., on Wednesday. Delegates were present from nearly all Southern and Western States.

—Five members of the Board of Public Works of Chicago arrived in St. Louis on Wednesday, and will inspect the water works and make a thorough examination of the water supply of that city.

—The Arkansas Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows met in Little Rock yesterday, and elected the following officers: Albert Cohen, Grand Master; E. T. Jones, D. D. G. M.; and Thomas R. Welch, Secretary.

—Col. Fred. D. Grant and bride arrived in St. Louis, yesterday, and took rooms at the Lindel Hotel. They spent the day at the old homestead, a few miles from that city, and will remain there several days.

—A letter from a most prominent citizen of Alabama says martial law prevails in Sumter county in point of fact. Hester and Beach, United States detectives, command the military and arrest without warrant.

—A train on the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway, Canada, yesterday ran into the buggy of William Williamson, a resident of Albion, who was instantly killed. His companion, Mrs. Dean, was badly injured.

—At Fort Wayne, Indiana, yesterday morning, about 5 o'clock, a fire broke out in a grocery store owned by J. R. Bruce. The damage to the building was $300, and to the stock $1,200. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

—The total loss by the robbery of the Sonhegan (New Hampshire) Bank is $120,000, of which the bank loses $40,000. A reward of $5,000 is offered for the arrest and conviction of the robbers. The bank will resume business immediately.

—Five masked men entered the house of William Russell, in Troy, N. Y., on Wednesday night, bound and gagged the mother of Mr. Russell, seventy years of age, ransacked the house, and secured about one hundred dollars booty.

—Detectives W. F. Knox and John Wren, of the Richmond (Va.) police, have been arrested on a bench-warrant charging them with being accessories after the fact in the swindling of Jas. M. Fowlkes, who was mulcted of $570 by gamblers.

—The Grand International Division of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met in Atlanta, Ga., yesterday. One hundred and fifty delegates were present. A welcome was tendered by the Governor and Mayor. The reports show the Order to be in a flourishing condition.

—A large number of German bondholders of the California Pacific Railroad Company have petitioned that the company be thrown into bankruptcy, and ask the United States District Court at San Francisco to issue an injunction restraining from mortgaging or encumbering in a prosperous way.

—W. J. Howell and Louis Houck having withdrawn as candidates for the Supreme Court of Missouri on the People's State ticket, Samuel Elsworth, of St. Joe, for the long term, and Peter E. Blond, of St. Louis, to fill the vacancy, have been substituted for them by the People's State Committee.

—At the session of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Ohio, in Columbus, yesterday, a report was received from a special committee on Masonic jurisprudence in addition to other reports. All the present officers of the Grand Lodge were re-elected. The next meeting will be held in Columbus on the third Tuesday of October, 1875.

How the Son of a Laundress Won His Way to Fame.

Mention was made in the San Francisco *Chronicle* of the appointment by Congressman Page of Jimmy Glennon, of Oakland, California, to a cadet-ship in the Naval School. His mother is a laundress in San Francisco, and some interesting facts have leaked out concerning the young man's career, which go to show that the appointment is eminently a wise one. Young Glennon's school report has been wonderful. An admiring young classmate writes a long letter to the *Chronicle* concerning it, in which he says: "To show the enormous task the boy has been performing at the university, it may be interesting to state that, as long as there was grading offered the boys to do about the ground, Glennon at the first hours in the morning was over from Alameda, seven miles distant, with sleeves rolled up and with pick and shovel in hand, trying to earn his twenty cents an hour alongside the brawny laborers; but the most remarkable part was that when the bell tapped for recitation in mathematics he was promptly in his place with a perfect recitation. It is considered remarkable if a student can get through a term perfect in either recitation or examination, and but one or two in a class of sixty or seventy ever do this; but Glennon generally came off perfect in both, and often, when the whole section failed on a difficult problem, our hero would walk to the board and solve it in a twinkling. Again, after recitations, James would be found with cheerful face and ready jokes at command; trundling his wheelbarrow or wielding his homely implements among the grading hands, whom he always kept in jolly humor by his ready wit. A boy capable of doing all this is bound to succeed in life."

Mr. Gladstone's Vagaries.

In his wanderings about Rome Mr. Dickens used to meet a certain typical British tourist whom he describes as being devoured by a slow curiosity leading him to do extraordinary things, such as taking off the covers of dishes and looking in at the ashes as if they were pickles. Another Englishman in his peculiar habits of mind certainly recall this odd traveler; and that is Mr. Gladstone. No subject is safe from him. He flies, but not at all sportively, from politics to ritualism, and thence to Homer, and now he has chosen to discuss feminine costume. He lifts the heavy cleaver of his style and smites the airy fabric of his subject. "Take, he says, "as it is to strike for once at the softer portion of the species—the dress of English women, which, apart from rank and special gift or training, is reputed to be the worst in the European world, and the most wanting alike in character and adaption. The so-called beauty is administered in portentous doses of ornamentation sometimes running to actual deformity. Who shall compete with the awakened English women for the house of hair built upon her head, or for the measureless extension of her dragging train? It was aggravating enough that Taine should have made his witty and willful comments on the attire of Britannia's daughters; what will they say to the grandiloquent disapprobation, the elephantine satire of their own great countryman?—*New York Tribune.*

A Maryland Tea-Party.

Centennial celebrations have come into fashion, and Maryland, first of the States to establish perfect religious freedom, has just been having a little commemorative tea-party of her own. On the 19th of October, 1774, at the order of the Committee of Safety, of Anne Arundel County, the brig *Peggy Stewart*, loaded with tea, was burned in the harbor of Annapolis. The men who did the work were the leading gentlemen of the district, and they worked with a will, though with halters about their necks. It was a patriotic protest against taxation without representation. At this distance of time we cannot realize with what danger to life and property the first armed appeals for liberty were made. But the country knows enough about it through history and ancestral legends to have learned to revere the heroism of the pioneers of the War for Independence. Hence, at Baltimore and Annapolis, the other day, there was a general holiday, while the military paraded, speeches were frequent, and the ladies indulged in patriotic tea parties. These are but the beginnings of celebrations that will be extended over the next decade. They will tell more eloquently than any book the story of the days that tried men's souls.

FIRST EDITION.

NEW YORK.

Reunion of the Army of the James.

ANTI-TAMMANY NOMINATIONS.

NEW YORK, October 21, 1874.

Anti Tammany Nominations.

The opponents of Tammany Hall, in a mass meeting last night, nominated Oswald Ottendorfer for Mayor, and Patrick H. Jones, late Postmaster of this city, for Register.

Reunion of the Army of the James.

The reunion of the Army of the James was held at the Union League Club to-day, Gen. Hawley presiding and making the opening address. Gen. Butler delivered the address of welcome, and a poem was read by Dr. J. G. Holland. At the business meeting a resolution to the effect that Gen. Fitz John Porter has been unjustly treated, and the case should be reopened, was tabled.

The following officers for the next three years were elected: President, Gen. A. H. Terry; First Vice President, Gen. Godfrey Weitzell; Second, Gen. A. W. Serrell; Third, Gen. N. M. Curtis; Fourth, Gen. Geo. H. Gordon; Treasurer, Gen. C. A. Carleton; Corresponding Secretary, Col. John H. Howell; Chaplain, Wm. H. Thomas. Gen. Hawley was selected as the orator for the next meeting, which will be held in Philadelphia in 1876, the day to be fixed by the permanent officers.

The third triennial banquet took place this evening in Union League Theatre. General Joseph R. Hawley presided, and about one hundred persons sat down to the table.

The National Convention of Carriage Builders

adopted a resolution to lay before the Board of Fire Underwriters facts necessary to a better understanding of the actual risk of carriage builders in stock and buildings, and elected Hon. C. P. Kimball, of Portland, President.

Another Tammanyite Surrendered.

Ex-Court House Commissioner John J. Walsh, following the example of his associates Norton and Conan, has surrendered to the District Attorney.

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, October 21, 1874.

The Safe Burglary Case.

In the Criminal Court this morning the safe burglary conspiracy case was resumed. The Judge sustained the demurrers to the pleas in the abatement presented by the counsel for the accused, and exceptions were taken. The jury was then called.

The Situation in Louisiana.—The Advisory Board without an Umpire—Another Account of the Jackson Riot—The Legality of Naturalization to be Tested—A Ticket Withdrawn.

NEW ORLEANS, October 21.—The failure to agree and the final adjournment of the Conference Committee last night in no way impairs the agreement heretofore made except as to the Advisory Board, which can do nothing without an umpire. Col. Packard stated to-day that the Conservatives would be given two members of the Returning Board, as per original agreement. For a wonder, neither political party to-day have any fresh "outrages," "grave apprehensions," "serious alarms" or "reigns of terror" to report.

The following account of the recent affair at Jackson was received to-day from Mr. Law, an anti-Gair man:

JACKSON, La., October 21.—Colfax, who was in the buggy with Gair, is reported as having accidentally shot him. It is untrue that Gair was to speak in Jackson. The meeting was one of those opposed to Gair and in the interest of white and colored. Brigata and Webber were in Bayou Sara when the shooting was done. It is untrue that armed Webber men were parading the streets of Jackson. Gair asserted that he was going to break up the meeting. Butler, Bannon and Gair men stopped the band from playing, fired into the assembled masses and dispersed them early in the evening. Six armed colored men were wounded by Butler and Bannon. This statement will be substantiated by Parish Judge Hillsburn of Jackson.—JAMES LAW.

Wright, State Registrar of Voters, gave notice to-day that he would to-morrow receive the opinion of the Attorney General as to the legality of naturalization before the Second District Court. The Conservatives assert that this question has been sprung at this late day by the Republicans with the view of throwing out about four thousand white voters by striking their names from the registry lists, it now being too late for them to naturalize and register.

The Hives political organization, who had nominated a full municipal and parish ticket, have withdrawn their candidates in favor of the Conservatives.

American Electrical Society.

CHICAGO, October 21.—An adjourned meeting of those interested in the formation of an electrical society was held in the Palmer House this afternoon. Mr. C. H. Haskins called the meeting to order, and stated the objects, which are interchange of knowledge and professional improvement of its members, advance of the electrical and telegraphic science and the establishment of a central point of reference. The Constitution adopted provides that annual meetings shall be held on the third Wednesday in October, at a place designated by the Executive Committee, that the headquarters of the society shall be Chicago, under the name of "American Electrical Society." A permanent organization was effected by the election of the following officers: President, General Anson Stager, of Chicago; Vice Presidents, Hasking, of Milwaukee; G. B. Prescott, New York; H. P. Dwight, Toronto; William Orton, New York; James Gamble, San Francisco; John Van Horne, Louisville; E. D. Sweet, New York; Corresponding Secretary, J. Nellihler, Chillicothe, O.; Recording Secretary, C. S. Jones, Chicago; Executive Committee, Wm. Henry Smith, J. J. L. Wilson, G. H. Bliss, F. H. Tubbs, and C. H. Summers; Directors, T. L. Lowe and A. S. Bryan, of Milwaukee; G. W. Smith, Indianapolis; J. A. Szwit, Washington; S. D. Field, San Francisco; Geo. T. Williams, Cincinnati; D. Flanery, New Orleans; C. O. Rowe, Pittsburgh; R. C. Clowry, St. Louis; E. P. Wright, Cleveland; I. B. Bates, Philadelphia; J. S. Dickey, Omaha; V. Hucker, Buffalo; G. G. Davis, Baltimore; and J. R. Dowell, Richmond, Va. There were present at the meeting forty or fifty of the most prominent telegraphers in America, as well as many other prominent men interested in the science.

Alleged Alabama Conspirators Arrested.

MOBILE, ALA., October 21.—Thomas B. Wetmore, a lawyer of Livingston, Ala., a nephew of the late George E. Badger, formerly United States Senator from North Carolina, Stephen Smith, his client, and John Little, colored, arrived in Mobile this afternoon under guard, charged with conspiracy to injure Detective Hester. They were arrested during the session of the Circuit Court of Sumter county, which is about two hundred miles from Mobile. Upon their delivery to the United States Marshal here they were released on parole to appear before Commissioner Gillette to-morrow. The warrant for their arrest was issued by the Commissioner residing at the place of arrest, and was made returnable in Mobile before a different Commissioner.

Maryland Jockey Club Races.

BALTIMORE, October 21.—The first race today in the Fall meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club was for the Central stakes, two year olds, one mile. James A., Chesapeake, Calvin, Clabaugh's chestnut colt Aniella, Betty Ward, colt Rhodaldamus, Jr., and Firework started. Firework won by two lengths, Aniella second, James A. third. Time 1:45.

The second event was a selling race, all ages, one and three quarter miles, and was won by Preakness, Resolute second, Gallway third. Time 3:08½.

The third race, mile heats, for three year olds, was won by Lottie Moon, Josie B. second, Judge Thurman third. Time 1:45 and 1:45½.

The fourth race, gentlemen's post stakes, one and a quarter miles, was won by Limestone, Falladdeen second, Dublin third. Time 2:19¼.

Prairie and Bush Fires in Indiana.

FT. WAYNE, IND., October 21.—A fire which has been burning five miles west and southwest of this city on the prairie and in the woods now assumes a serious aspect. It is estimated that nearly 10,000 acres of prairie and timbered land are burning on the line of the T. W. & W. Railway, which causes a dense smoke to settle over the city and surrounding country, making it nearly as dark as night in the middle of the day and breathing difficult. It is feared the fire may reach the city if rain does not come soon.

Searching for a Corpse.

POTTSVILLE, PA., October 21.—The citizens are still searching on the mountain for the body of Lesher, reported murdered near Trackville this morning. Recently he effected an insurance on his life for $50,000, and yesterday paid a premium on the policy in Pottsville. The last seen of him was at St. Clair, in the evening, where he borrowed a revolver, remarking that he had forgotten his own, and had more money with him than usual.

RELIGIOUS.

Protestant Episcopal Convention.

NEW YORK, October 21.—Immediately after morning prayer, to-day, the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church went into secret session. A startling rumor pervaded among the deputies of the Lower House to the effect that the deskin the meeting room of the House of Bishops had been forced open and a paper relating to Bishop-elect Semour had been abstracted. Members of the House of Bishops maintain the strictest silence with regard to the matter, and will not furnish any particulars of the affair. The church warden and sexton are of the opinion that the papers have been mislaid by some of the pages who have been arranging the room, and the desk having been left open, the papers were taken by them, under the impression that they were not of any use.

Bishop Potter says no desk or drawer was forced open, and only a few sheets of writing paper have been missed.

The House of Deputies continued its secret session until five o'clock, and had not concluded its deliberations. It was announced that a session would be held with closed doors to-morrow.

During the afternoon the following messages were received from the House of Bishops and referred to the Committee on Canons:

Message No. 30 from the House of Bishops.

Resolved, The House of Deputies concurring, First. That Section 1 of Canon 4 of Title 2 be amended by substituting in place of the words "make application to the Bishop of the diocese, who shall," these words following: "refer the matter to the Bishop of the diocese, who may." Second, That Section 3 of the same Canon be amended by inserting after the words "Until he shall retract his refusal," these words following: "and if he persist in his refusal it shall be the duty of the Bishop to dssolve the connection between said rector and vestry or congregation." Third, That Section 8 of the same canon be amended to read "Section 8. This canon shall not be obligatory upon any diocese which has made or shall hereafter make provision in canon upon this subject, or with whose laws or charter it may interfere." Fourth, that Section 5 of the same canon be and is hereby repealed, and that the remaining sections be numbered accordingly.

Message 31.—The House of Bishops informs the House of Deputies that it has adopted the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, The Council of the Diocese of Nebraska, at a motion and with the consent of the Bishop of Nebraska, has, by necessary constitutional action, consented to the detachment of the Santee Indian reservation, situated in the Diocese of Nebraska, for the purpose of transferring the same to the missionary jurisdiction of Niobrara; and

WHEREAS, It may be questioned whether such detachment be complete or lawful without the approval of the General Convention, therefore,

Resolved, The House of Deputies concurring, that the consent of the General Convention is hereby given to the detachment of said Santee Indian reservation from the diocese of Nebraska and for its transfer to the missionary jurisdiction of Niobrara.

Message No. 32.

Resolved, The House of Deputies concurring, that future editions of the Hymnal shall be printed so as to conform to the revised edition presented by the Joint Committee on Hymnal, and that no other hymns be allowed in public worship of the Church except the Hymnal as thus revised, and such hymns and psalms as are now ordinarily bound up with the Book of Common Prayer; provided that any congregation may continue to use the editions of the Hymnal heretofore published until further action by the Convention.

Resolved, The House of Deputies concurring, that the Joint Committee on Hymnal, in pursuance of their own request, be discharged.

Christian Church Convention.

CINCINNATI, October 21.—The session of the twenty-fifth annual Convention of the Christian Church and the quarter centennial of the Christian Missionary Society commenced in this city yesterday morning. The Convention is composed of delegates from various States and directors and life members of the American Christian Missionary Society. Delegates from all are represented. Standing Committees were appointed as follows: Credentials—E. A. Lodge, Michigan; A. S. Hale, New York; John Allen, Illinois. Order of Business—E. J. Hobbs and R. R. Sloan, Ohio; L. L. Carpenter, Indiana; J. K. Rodgers, Missouri; J. B. Tyler, Kentucky, President.

R. N. Bishop, of Cincinnati, made the opening address. In the evening President Pendleton, LL. D., of Bethany College, made the memorial address to the Missionary Society.

Long Island Baptist Association.

NEW YORK, October 21.—At the session of the Long Island Baptist Association this morning, the committee appointed on the Lee avenue church reported unanimously that it had become practically an open or free communion church, and that as as they (the committee) held that restricted communion was essential to the integrity and preservation of the Baptist Church at large, and, further, that each religious body has a right to protect themselves from anything that would prevent its harmony and that destroy its distinctive character, and in view of these principles, the committee advised the adoption of a resolution that the name of Lee avenue church be dropped from the minutes of the association, and that all correspondence with that church be dropped until said church shall be in harmony with the association upon the question of communion and has returned to the attitude it was understood to occupy when it was received into relations with the association.

The report of the committee occasioned a great deal of excitement, and all subsequent proceedings, until a final result was reached, were attended with much confusion, marked by laughter, applause, hisses, and cries of approbation and dissent. After hot debate, the report was adopted—174 to 24.

Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, pastor of the Lee avenue church, made a short but impressive speech, stating that the church would continue in its present attitude. He then, in behalf of himself and his church, bade the association farewell.

Session of the Presbyterian Synod of Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, October 21.—The Synod of Baltimore, which includes the Presbyterian churches of part of West Virginia, began its session here last evening. Rev. D. C. Marquis was chosen Moderator for the coming year.

Y. M. C. A.

BALTIMORE, October 21.—Delegates from a number of German Young Men's Christian Associations in different States met to-day and organized a National Convention. Morris Bass, of New York, was chosen President.

Irish Catholic Benevolent Union.

BALTIMORE, October 21.—The National Convention of the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union met to-day, and organized for business. A large number of delegates are present from every section of the United States.

Presbyterian Synod of Northern Illinois.

CHICAGO, October 21.—In the Presbyterian Synod of Northern Illinois, to-day, Mr. J. M. Linn asked and obtained permission to enter a protest against the reception of the appeal of Prof. Patton from the decision of the Chicago Presbytery in the Swing case. In the protest are set forth points made by Rev. Mr. Noyes in his speech yesterday and quotations from legal and synodical proceedings to show that the appeal is unprecedented and illegal. After the reading of the protest, the clerk called the names of Patton and Swing. The former responded, but the latter was not in the house. Rev. Mr. Noyes was appointed to represent him, but declined to serve. Dr. Patterson, E. C. Sickles, C. L. Thompson, Mr. Trowbridge, S. W. Weller and others were successively appointed, but all refused, most of them from conscientious grounds. Finding that none of Professor Swing's friends would defend him in the case, the Synod appointed Rev. Reuben Eraine, an old gentleman, whose eyesight is so much impaired that the testimony will be read to him. He has been a staunch supporter of Prof. Patton during the controversy. Prof. Patton commenced his speech this afternoon, and has the floor to-morrow morning. Swing's friends in the Synod have asked to be excused from further attendance in the case, but the request has been refused by that body.

Surrender of an Indicted Mormon.

SALT LAKE, October 21.—To-day Geo. Q. Cannon, Delegate to Congress, learning that the Grand Jury had indicted him under a territorial law for lewd and lascivious cohabitation, surrendered himself to the United States Marshal. His bail was fixed at $5,000, President Geo. Smith, and W. H. Hooper becoming his sureties.

Speech by Gen. N. P. Banks.

BOSTON, October 21.—A mass meeting was held in the Bunker Hill district this evening, attended by 2,000 people. General N. P. Banks delivered a long address on the condition of the country, particularly the South. The meeting unanimously voted to nominate him for Congress on the People's ticket.

The Schleswig Question.

If we can believe one of the Vienna journals the Schleswig question, in its most recent form, is set at rest for the present. Germany is said to have admitted the possibility of mistakes by subordinate officials and promised more care in the future. There is nothing improbable in this report. Such a course on the part of Germany, besides being commendable, will be considered a rare act of grace when it is remembered that the concession is made by a very powerful State to one so weak as Denmark.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN.

Fearful Storm in Great Britain.

Many Vessels Wrecked and Great Loss of Life.

Trouble Brewing on the Khivan Frontier.

A Battle Fought in the Argentine Republic.

LATE NEWS FROM JAPAN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Affairs Becoming Critical in Turkestan and Khiva.

LONDON, October 21.—The Pall Mall *Gazette* to-day has a dispatch from St. Petersburg announcing that affairs are critical in Turkestan and Khiva. The Turcomans are growing bolder in their attacks and depredations upon tribes friendly to Russia. The Government of the Czar has ordered the Khan of Khiva to repress the disorders, and the Khan has replied that he will carry out the instructions of the Emperor.

Conspiracy in Orenburg.

A special to the Pall Mall *Gazette* says a conspiracy has been discovered in Orenburg, and that many arrests have been made.

Destructive Gale.

Additional dispatches have come to hand showing that the gale in the north last night was far more severe and destructive than indicated by the first reports. The storm extended to Scotland. The steamship Clunsan, from Glasgow for Shanghai, was driven ashore near Ardrossan, and is going to pieces. Fourteen of the crew were washed overboard and drowned. The persons left on board, some fifty in number, took to the rigging, where they yet remain in full sight from shore. Efforts are being made to save them. Several lives were also lost in England. Reports from Hartepool, Shields, Hull, and other ports, and from inland towns, bring intelligence of great damage to shipping factories, and other property.

LONDON, October 21.—All the rivers in the north of England and Scotland are much swollen, railway and telegraph lines interrupted, trees uprooted in all directions, and chimneys and walls prostrated. Many persons were injured in Edinburgh by flying debris. Three houses at Stockton-on-Tee were demolished and one person killed. At Ayr, Scotland, twenty vessels broke adrift in the harbor, which is shallow and exposed, all of which were more or less damaged, and one totally wrecked. Three persons were drowned at Deal, and two at Sunderland. The Bessemer saloon steamer, lately launched and lying at Hull, dragged her anchors and ran aground, but floated off, and is now adrift in the humber. Tugs have gone to her assistance.

LONDON, October 22—5 A. M.—Seventeen of the crew of the steamer Chusen, ashore off Ardrossan, were drowned. The survivors were rescued from the rigging. The steamer is a total loss. The brig E. C. White was lost off the Isle of Wight, and four people drowned.

A Dispute Settled.

The arbitrator to whom was referred the questions in dispute between the striking operatives at Bolton and the employes has decided in favor of the masters, and the proposed reduction of five per cent. in the operatives' wages goes into effect immediately.

Irish Rifle Volunteers.

The formation of a corps of Irish rifle volunteers is being agitated, and there are extensive demonstrations in its favor in Ireland. A strong effort is being made to obtain the consent of the Government to the plan.

The Schleswig Question.

A Hadersleben (Danish) newspaper denies the statement that the attitude of Germany towards Denmark, relative to the recent expulsion of Danes from Schleswig, has been conciliatory. The same paper declares, upon what it claims good authority, that the reply of the German Government to the representations of the Danish Minister was neither courteous nor satisfactory.

GERMANY.

Representative Assembly for Alsace and Lorraine.

BERLIN, October 21.—The Representative Assembly proposed for Alsace and Lorraine will at first possess only a deliberative character. Its functions will be to advise the Government on all subjects of local legislation, and to examine the budget for the provinces.

Count von Arnim.

LONDON, October 22—5 A. M.—A Berlin special to the *Standard* says the legal preliminaries in Count von Arnim's case are almost completed, and it is believed the Count will be released on bail in a few days.

Danes in the Prussian Diet.

The Danish candidates Krueger and Ahlmann were elected to the Prussian Diet from Hadersleben and Alsen.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Revolution in the Argentine States.

RIO JANEIRO, October 21.—Advices from Buenos Ayres state that in an engagement between the troops and the insurgents, the latter were defeated, and their commander, Plaza, taken prisoner. Large rewards are offered for the capture of rebel steamers. One has left Montevideo towing a vessel laden with arms and ammunition.

The Uruguayan Government intends issuing $4,000,000 in paper money.

The bank of Entre Rios has suspended.

TURKEY.

A Party of Montenegrines Attacked.

LONDON, October 21.—A party of Montenegrines was recently attacked by Turks in the province of Albania and seventeen killed. The affair created great excitement in Montenegro, and a joint commission of the two countries has been appointed to investigate it.

FRANCE.

Obituary.

PARIS, October 21. — Monsignenr Montour, formerly private chaplain to Napoleon III., is dead. He has bequeathed 150,000 francs to the Prince Imperial and the same amount to the Pope.

BY MAIL.

From Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 21.—The Japan brings Yokohama dates to September 29. The arrangements for diplomatic missions have been slightly changed. Nyeno Kagenon goes to London, instead of Paris. Same Sima, now in France, will remain as long as his health will allow. Aoki Sinzo, who formerly had charge at Berlin, is promoted to the rank of Envoy. Yosida goes to Washington.

Chili has sent to Japan requesting contributions to the International Exposition, to be held there in 1875.

The French Government at present takes the lead in pushing the demands for opening the entire empire. Recent correspondence shows a vehement disposition to wrest this concession from Japan in spite of all remonstrance.

The Mikado gave a breakfast on the 22nd inst. to all the foreign diplomatic corps at his own residence. This was the first entertainment at which the Sovereign has freely mingled with foreign guests and received them at his table.

The largest review of troops yet seen in Yeddo took place on the 20th instant, in one of the suburbs of Yeddo. Some 10,000 infantry, artillery and cavalry were inspected by the Mikado and his uncle, who has been raised to the rank of General in the army, and in case of hostilities with China, is to be appointed to the chief command.

Minister Avery sailed from Yokohama for Shanghai on the 24th. Messrs. Tapaki and Tamita, appointed consuls at San Francisco and New York, will start for their posts by the next American mail.

Affairs between Japan and China remain precisely as they were. Yokohama papers contain a positive announcement of war, and equally positive announcements of a perfect understanding are unauthorized. The highest patriotic spirit is exhibited throughout the country. Nobles have offered a large portion of their revenues to the Government. The populace in every province are forming into volunteer regiments, and the mercantile class has expressed its desire to serve, both by contributions and in the field, in case war should be declared.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page, under the several heads of "WANTED," "FOR SALE," "TO-LET," &c., will be inserted at transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.

LOST.

LOST—WEDNESDAY EVENING, ON Main street or Penn avenue, a large DOUBLE PEARL BREASTPIN. A liberal reward will be given if left at 43d street station, A. V. R. R., or H. BLACKSTONE'S, 44th street. oct9:12

WANTED.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE, containing from 4 to 6 rooms, within 10 minutes' walk from the Postoffice. Address GAZETTE office. oct8

WANTED—MORTGAGES ON GOOD City Property. Money to loan in sums from $1,000 to $6,000. Inquire of D. SWOGER, Real Estate Agent, 66 Federal street, Allegheny.

WANTED—PRIVATE TUTOR—A teacher (Theological student preferred) who can devote from two to three hours daily, afternoon preferred) to teach a lad at his home, can find employment on reasonable terms, to be stated by applicant. Address, addressing Lock Box 5, Pittsburgh P. O. oct20:14

WANTED.

A gentle man to take charge of the Boarding Department of a female College. One whose wife can act as housekeeper preferred.

The best of references required.

Address LOCK BOX 262, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TO-LET.

TO LET—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms, second story, back and front, with or without board. Terms moderate. Location good, 91 Washington street, between Wylie and Franklin streets.

TO-LET.—A TWO STORY BRICK Dwelling House in a central location, No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh. Possession given immediately. For terms of rent apply to A. H. SMITH, at Iron City National Bank, or at his residence, No. 17 Park street, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND ENGINES and Boilers, one pair 80 horse power, 30 Double Fined Boilers, one pair 20 horse power, nearly new. JAMES HILL & CO.,

Cor. Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

LEATHER BELTING, HOSE AND RUBBER GOODS, AT THORP & DUNN, No. 14 Market St.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A DESirable Brick Dwelling, containing 6 rooms, bath room, water closet, finished attic, hall and dry cellar, on James street, 3d ward, Allegheny, one square from East Park and School House; lot about 20x111 feet to a paved alley. Possession on completion of sale. Good title. For price and terms, apply to A. W. DRAPE & CO., 41½ Federal street, Allegheny. oct15

FOR SALE—CHEAP.—FARM OF about 90 acres, 14 acres in Timber, balance under cultivation, well watered, and all underlaid with coal; also, Meadow of 15 acres. Situate about 15 miles from Bulger Station, on Panhandle Railroad. Well improved, with a House of 6 rooms, Bank Barn 40x80 feet, good young Orchard, Sheep House, Granary, Brick Spring House, with splendid Spring. For price and terms apply to D. SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 66 Federal street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR

CITY PROPERTY.

A tract of land on Sewickley Creek, about 4 miles from Fair Oaks station and 5 miles from Leetsdale, on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., and about 16 miles from Allegheny City, of 160 acres, subdivided as follows: 61 acres with improvements, house, barn, orchard, and 49 acres partly under cultivation, 20 across mostly under cultivation and 2 pieces of 15 acres each. Will be sold or exchanged as subdivided or as a whole. Inquire of D. SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 66 Federal street, Allegheny City. oct10:h57

POLITICAL.

A MEETING OF THE

Republican Citizens

OF THE

SEVENTH WARD,

WILL BE HELD

Thursday Evening, Oct. 22d,

AT THE

Franklin Street School House.

oct22:1t

ELECTIONS.

PLANK ROAD ELECTION.—THE annual election for officers of the SAW MILL VALLEY PLANK ROAD CO. will be held at the office of W. & H. Walker, Third ward, Allegheny City, on MONDAY, the 2d day of November prox., between 3 and 5 o'clock P. M., of that day. ALEX. M. WATSON, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 12, 1874. oct13:h75

WEATHER REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE, PITTSBURGH, Pa., October 21, 1874.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	30.26	41	91	S.W	Foggy.
2 P. M.	30.28	71	25	S.W	Foggy.
9 P. M.	30.37	52	78	S.W	Foggy.

Mean Barometer, 30.34.
Mean Thermometer 54.
Highest Thermometer, 72.
Lowest Thermometer, 41.

GEO. H. ROHE, Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 21, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was fair, thermometer 60; Cincinnati, fair, thermometer 58; Davenport, Iowa, cloudy, thermometer 57; Fort Gibson, I. T., fair, thermometer 55; Fort Sully, D. T., clear, thermometer 46; Indianapolis, fair, thermometer 56; Keokuk, Iowa, light rain, thermometer 59; LaCrosse, Wisconsin, fair, thermometer 54; Leavenworth, Kas., threatening, thermometer 60; Louisville, fair, thermometer 62; Memphis, Tenn., cloudy, thermometer 62; Nashville, Tenn., fair, thermometer 60; Omaha, Neb., fair, thermometer 58; Pittsburgh, foggy, thermometer 49; Shreveport, clear, thermometer 62; St. Louis, Mo., cloudy, thermometer 64; St. Paul, Minn., cloudy, thermometer 55; Vicksburg, Miss., fair, thermometer 66; Yankton, D. T., cloudy, thermometer 53; North Platte, foggy, thermometer 46.

GEO. H. ROHE, Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., Oct. 22, 1874.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer has risen over the lakes and New England, and southward to the Ohio valley and Middle States, with variable winds, mostly northeasterly, warmer and partly cloudy weather; rising barometer, northeast to southeast winds, warmer and partly cloudy weather in the South Atlantic and Gulf States; high pressure, northeasterly winds, warmer and partly cloudy weather in the Northwest and thence to Missouri, with rain in the latter. The rivers remain stationary.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, stationary barometer, southeast and southerly winds, warmer, clear and parly cloudy weather.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, reduced pressure, light southwesterly winds, warmer and cloudy weather, and occasional rain.

For the Northwest and upper lakes, and southward to Missouri, northeast to southerly winds, warmer, cloudy weather, and occasional light rain.

For the lower lakes, nearly stationary temperature and pressure, northeastern winds, foggy and partly cloudy weather.

For the Middle States and New England, rising barometer, decidedly warmer, partly light, variable winds, mostly northeast, fogs on the coast, clear and partly cloudy weather.

I. O. R. M. of Indiana.

BOURBON, IND., October 21.—The Grand Council of the Improved Order of Red Men of the State of Indiana closed its session in this city this evening, after performing a vast amount of work for the Order. The utmost harmony and most perfect system marked the transactions of the session, and the Council adjourned to be convened at Madison next October. The following Grand Chiefs were elected for the ensuing year: J. W. Link, of Madison, Great Sachem; J. W. Davis, of Bourbon, Great Senior Sagamore; J. R. Bentz, of Indianapolis, Great Junior Sagamore; T. O. Jones, of Lafayette, Great Chief of Record; J. Shirley, of Patreal, Great Keeper of Wampum; Will C. Davis, of Indianapolis, Great Prophet; David Middleton, of Logansport, Great Representative—all admirably qualified for the official positions. A resolution was passed unanimously selecting the *Spirit of the Age*, at Madison, Ind., J. W. Link, editor, as official organ of the Improved Order for the State. This will be pre-eminently satisfactory to the entire fraternity, and fills a void long seriously felt by the Order. Quite a jolly dance is now in progress at Mitchell's Hall, and the entire elite of the city and surrounding country are tripping the light fantastic toe with the noble red men, and enjoying the occasion beyond everything ever known in the city. A number of Great Representatives are to spend several days in the vicinity, engaged in hunting and fishing excursions.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page, under the several heads of "WANTED," "FOR SALE," "TO-LET," &c., will be inserted at transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.

LOST.

LOST—WEDNESDAY EVENING, ON Main street or Penn avenue, a large DOUBLE PEARL BREASTPIN. A liberal reward will be given if left at 43d street station, A. V. R. R., or H. BLACKSTONE'S, 44th street. oct9:12

WANTED.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE, CONtaining from 4 to 6 rooms, within 10 minutes' walk from the Postoffice. Address GAZETTE office. oct8

WANTED—MORTGAGES

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED.
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING.
GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., Editors & Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1874:

DAILY GAZETTE.

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By mail for three months.....2 50
By mail for one month.....1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier.....15

All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscribers.....$1 50
Clubs of five.....1 15
Clubs of ten.....1 15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 97¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 25f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¼.

THE White Leagne in Louisiana is preparing for a fresh outbreak.

IN SHREVEPORT, Louisiana, sixty merchants have signed an agreement not to employ persons who vote the Republican ticket.

THE British Commissioners to our Centennial Exposition will comprise nearly the same parties who filled the same position at the Vienna Exposition.

ALSACE and Lorrains have been allowed a deliberate assembly, whose power is confined to the consideration and recommendation of local legislation to the Imperial Government.

IT may seem a small affair here, but in Japan it is a significant fact that the Mikado gave a breakfast at his own residence to the foreign embassadors, himself sitting at the table with them. Five years ago, he was not allowed to be seen by foreigners.

ADVICES from Yokohama, Japan, represent the situation between China and Japan, as regards the war, practically unchanged. Yokohama papers contain a positive announcement of war, and the highest patriotic spirit is manifested by the nobles and people.

THE wedding of Fred. Grant and Miss Honora was, as had been anticipated, a fi affair. The young couple enter their married life under very agreeable circumstances, and will have many ding influences toward making their ro prosperous and happy. So mote be.

AT a Democratic State Convention in exas, a few days since, Colonel French Smith, professing to be the mouth-piece of the Chairman of the Central Committee, said in a speech before the Convention, that he "loved to kill Indians, but would rather kill one negro than two Indians." The sentiment was applauded to the echo.

THE New York *Tribune* cannot get done with the Third Term discussion. It affirms that "General Grant controls the machinery of the Republican party, and can force a re-nomination if he wishes." Of course this is merely a matter of opinion; but we do not believe the assertion true. We have observed the drift of opinion on this subject quite as closely and with as good facilities for knowing the inside of affairs as has the *Tribune*, and we do not see anything to justify the belief that President Grant could be re-nominated. This aside, he does not seek or desire the Third Term.

THE ladies, at their Woman's Congress in Chicago, last week, felt compelled to give attention to the inevitable dress question. Strange to say, they were as much divided on the subject as was the Temperance Alliance over the wisdom of a Sunday meeting at the Hippodrome. One advocated the abandonment of corsets, but even Mrs. Livermore objected to that. The trouble was, that they aimed to control the details of dress—to say what should be worn, and whist not, instead of considering the fundamental facts involved. It is less important just what is worn, than that it be comparatively inexpensive,—not extravagantly costly,—becoming and comfortable. But we incline to doubt whether the average lady will accept these rules. Some one has said of women and fashion, first, there is no doubt that fashion is absolute in its sway over the female breast; second, there is no doubt that every woman aims to look as pretty as she can; and third, there is no doubt that she ought to do so. So we will not obtrude our judgment against rules that are so imperative, and so likely to be obeyed.

THE *Post* realizes very keenly the political mistakes it and its party have made, and seeks to divert attention from them by howling over local issues, as though this were a local canvass. "At the recent Municipal election, we met every statement and argument of the *Post*, and they were almost identical with what it now offers, and the people repudiated the Democracy, with their silly falsehoods. When another Municipal election comes on, we will be fully ready to meet any responsibility that may be before us. But this is not a charter or local election. It is for county offices, members of the Legislature, Congress, and State offices. The issues are those which pertain to the offices to be filled. The officers to be elected will deal,—not with the city affairs,—but with the Tariff, the Currency, the State debt, and such matters. The Democrats are committed to Free Trade, to Repudiation, and have always, when in power in the State, rapidly increased the State debt. They gave us, when they went out of power in 1868, $40,000,000 of debt as a legacy. The Republicans are for Protection to Home industry, a sound and safe currency, and have reduced the State debt $25,000,000. Which do you prefer?

THE CONTRAST.

We think that every workingman in this city and vicinity knows just what effect Free Trade will certainly have on the manufacturing interests, upon which he depends for employment. Let us give the exact attitude of the Republican and Democratic parties on this question. The Republican platform of this State favors "just protection and reward to every branch of industry, and of giving permanence to those measures which recognize agricultural, mining, manufacturing, and mechanical pursuits, *as entitled to the amplest protection and fullest development.*" It declares that "The paralysis of business, which has fallen upon the manufacturing industry of the country within the past year, is a fresh evidence of the necessity of *that protection to our manufacturing interests* for which the Republicans of Pennsylvania have always fought."

The Democratic State Convention, which held its sessions in this city, and knew the importance of this subject, *deliberately refused to utter a word on the subject.*

In other States, however, they could speak. In Maine, they say, "a protective tariff is a most unjust, unequal, oppressive and wasteful mode of raising the public revenues. It is one of the most pregnant and fruitful sources of the corruptions of administration. We, therefore, the Democracy of Maine, in convention assembled, *declare for Free Trade*, and in favor of an unfettered and unrestricted commerce." The Illinois Democracy, "denounce the present tariff as having been concocted alone in the interests of Eastern manufacturers, and in lieu of it we demand a tariff for revenue only that will be just to all sections of the country." In Missouri they declare "Free commerce, and no tariff except for revenue purposes." In Ohio they say, "We are opposed to the unjust and oppressive features of the existing tariff laws, and insist on their repeal or modification, so that a revenue tariff shall be substituted for them." The *Post* of this city, fearing that the failure of the Democracy in this city to speak might be taken as endorsing protection, has been at the pains to correct this impression by saying of the Ohio utterance, above quoted, "the Ohio platform thoroughly embraces the Democratic idea."

This is the contrast between the two parties, stated in their own language. As a workingman puts it, "the Democratic party of the nation threaten to strike the workingman a fatal blow, and he will look in vain for any aid to the cowardly and treacherous Democratic party of Pennsylvania. His only hope for the future lies in the maintenance of that liberal policy, protection to home industry which was enacted, and is sustained, by the party which saved and now governs the country." The votes cast this year, mean either Protection, and the speedy recovery of prosperity, or Free Trade, and utter misery. Vote and work for Negley, Bayne, and the entire ticket.

THEIR REAL ATTITUDE.

Were the Democracy to come forward with a proposition which, plainly stated, would embody their real views, it would be about as follows: "We will, if entrusted with power, repeal the charters of national banks, withdraw or neutralize the greenback currency, or else issue it in sufficient quantities to attempt to force them as substitutes for Government bonds, and then re-establish the old State bank system. We will pay the South its losses that were incurred during the war of rebellion. We will repudiate the entire monetary system provided by the Republican party, because we hate that party, and all its deeds. It suppressed rebellion, freed slaves, enfranchised blacks, and established a currency which we believe to be unconstitutional." It has covertly said just this, and has never withdrawn or repealed, or neutralized by other statements, these views.

Our only safe method of judging that party, of late years, is by its utterances. These we have quoted, showing that in 1856 it declared it unconstitutional for Congress to charter national banks, or issue a currency, and repeated this sentiment in 1860. When Congress, driven to the necessity of providing means to carry on the war, proposed to issue a national currency, Pendleton and other leading Democrats opposed it, basing their action on the official utterances of National Democratic Conventions. In 1868, the National Democratic Convention in New York declared that the National bonds should be paid in the greenbacks they had already declared to be unconstitutional. *This year* the State Democratic platforms in Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, and Tennessee, reaffirm the Pendletonian doctrine of 1868. Let us take these undeniable facts and reason upon them. 1. To pay bonds in greenbacks would be to substitute a non-interest bearing currency for interest bearing bonds, —which is simple repudiation of the interest payments now being made on those bonds. No fact is more clearly established than this. Yet the evidence is very clear, that a large proportion of those bonds, held in this country, are the property of widows, orphans, and persons in moderate circumstances, who thus will have the bread taken out of their mouths,—for with many, the interest they thus receive, is their principal source of income. Should we vote from these classes the bread they have an honest right to expect? This is what the *officially announced* policy of the Democracy would do. But about $1,000,000,000 of our bonded debt is held in Europe. Greenbacks are not, and cannot, in the nature of things be, international currency. They do not and will not, go in Europe. All the power of this Government cannot force them on the European markets. Does any one suppose that the several nations and Governments of Europe would tamely submit to their subjects being *cheated* out of $1,000,000,000? They have made war many times for less important reasons, and would for this. Admit that we could beat Europe in such a war,—would we enjoy to fight for the privilege of cheating those who loaned us, in our need, their money? And where would the money to carry on the war come from? Greenbacks would be useless, and we have'nt the gold to meet those expenses for a week,—where would we borrow? And what would we gain? Our credit would be gone, and we would forever be stigmatized as a nation of repudiators. Yet this is exactly what a Democratic National Convention held in 1868, three years after the rebellion ended, proposed to do: *and this resolution stands affirmed by several of these State Conventions this year.* It is not an old affair.

2. This party also formally and repeatedly declared the issue of greenbacks and National bank notes unconstitutional. What is the legitimate inference from this? Simply that they will repudiate these also. But there is more than the fact mentioned to strengthen this inference. The entire drift of that party, through all its previous history, the genius of its nature, its long and steadfast adherence to the doctrine of States Rights, which was made the pretext for the rebellion,—are toward the substitution of State for National banks. What the effect of this will be in the derangement of values, the prostration of business, the engendering of suffering and misery among the poor, no pen can describe. Not merely will National bank stock, of which so many in moderate circumstances have a little, be worthless, but the greenbacks that actually rose in value during the panic, will be valueless as well. Do not our friends remember the effect of the panic of 1857? State bank notes were utterly worthless, and the poor even were suddenly stripped of the means with which to buy bread. But during the recent panic, the little savings of the poor, that were in National banks, or in bank stocks, *were safe*, and the greenbacks received for the week's toil, retained their full purchasing power. Do we want to go back to the old, rotten, and utterly worthless State bank system? This is what the Democracy promises us, in clear and undoubted language, if restored to power.

We submit that this is a more important election than many have thought. It has in it the germ of much good, or great evil. We all see the irrepressible tendencies of the Ku-Klux and White Leagues at the South. They propose to drive out or dominate the entire vote of the South. They are sympathized with by the Democracy North, and the demand that is being so urgently made by the Democratic papers South, that certain of their rebellion expenses shall be paid, will undoubtedly be granted by that party. These, then, are the issues that are really brought forward: Free Trade, as clearly shown by their official utterances. Repudiation of national bonds and greenbacks, and the substitution of State bank currency. And finally the conferment of privileges and payment of expenses to the South, which will serve to develop the old rebellion's spirit once more. These are the issues to be pronounced upon.

[From the Harrisburg Telegraph.]

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* came to us on Monday last printed on new type, and certainly looked very neat and clean. We congratulate our staunch and able Republican cotemporary on the decidedly improved appearance of the paper.

PERSONAL.

ROTHSCHILD'S hunting parties at Ferrieres are reported as very brilliant this year.

THE Hon. A. H. STEPHENS is said to be in better health than he has been for many years past.

THE Shah of Persia, in his diary, gallantly observes of Queen Victoria, "She is fifty, but only looks forty."

REV. ADIARONDACK MURRAY'S resignation of his charge has been accepted by the members of the Park street church, Boston.

THE Prince of Wales and the Prince Royal of Denmark, brothers-in-law, are together visiting the King of Sweden at Stockholm.

ULYSSES S. GRANT, JR., son of the President, and a graduate of Harvard College, is studying at the Columbia Law School in New York.

GARIBALDI has written a letter publicly advising the Italian electors to vote for all those persons who are now in prison for political offenses.

POOR MARY LAMB once wrote to a friend: "I have known many single men I should have liked in my life (if I had suited them) for a husband, but very few husbands have I ever wished were mine." There was method in Mary's madness after all.

LAURA FAIR and Dr. Mary Walker talk of exchanging notes in Canada. Laura has proved herself a good shot. Is this a gouk or a fact?

PRINCE LOUIS of Hesse lately saved a lady's life at Blankenberg by swimming to her rescue, as she had inadvertently gone beyond her depth.

THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER and John G. Whittier were the guests of Mrs. William Claflin, at Newton, Mass., two or three days last week.

JOHN MITCHEL is about to deliver a series of lectures on the present condition and political prospect of Ireland. So ought George Francis Train.

MISS ARCH, daughter of Mr. Joseph Arch, the champion of the English agricultural laborers, has appeared as a lecturer, with considerable success, in the provinces.

A CINCINNATI young man sent a note to his girl asking at what time he should call, and received in return the following billet doux: "Deer Jon—Comet afpastate. Mary."

SENATOR JONES, of Nevada is understood to own $100,000 of stock in the *Republic*—one-third of the present paid in capital. The Senator is reported to be worth $5,000,000 to $6,000,000; he has shown his sagacity in selecting the best source to get rid of his surplus income.

COLONEL STOFFEL having proved in his pamphlet that MacMahon did receive in the late war a certain order, the receipt of which had been conveniently denied, gossip seems to fancy that the Marquis d'Abzac, who is MacMahon's aide-de-camp, ought to challenge the Colonel.

MADAME JANAUSCHEK says that George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, is a "born prince, and would do honor to any royal family in the world." Mr. Childs once presented the actress with a beautiful silver fruit stand, and we can now understand why that lady pronounces with so much emphasis the words: *My Che-ar-le!*

CHIEF JUSTICE and Mrs. Waite have taken possession of their house on H. street, Washington, owned and formerly occupied by J. C. Bancroft Davis, our Minister to Berlin. Miss Waite has already returned, and her brother, Mr. C. Waite, will visit them with his wife during the winter.

ACCORDING to the *Freeman's Journal*, General Sherman is not a Roman Catholic, but when engaged to Miss Ewing he was required, before Father Ryder could marry them, to promise, as an officer and a gentleman, that he would never interfere with his wife in the practice of her religion, and that her children should be brought up Roman Catholics.

A MILWAUKEE correspondent of the Chicago *Times* says: "I have been informed of an engagement which will cause many young hearts to flutter, as the groom to be holds coupons to the amount of millions. I withhold names for the present, but the young lady is the daughter of the rector of one of our leading Episcopal churches, and the gentleman a St. Louisan."

THE London correspondent of a New York paper writes: "Nellie Sartoris is going home in January—of course with her husband. I suppose that an interesting event may be expected about that time, and the young wife naturally would wish to be with her mother at such a season. Moreover, a boy born out of the United States can not be President, and it is well to look forward to even distant eventualities."

BABOO PROTAB CHUNDER MOZOOMDAR, the cousin and colaborer of Chunder Sen, has lately visited England, where he has attracted much attention. The object of his visit was to examine the educational systems, the industries, and the social and religious life of the English people. He is said to be 34 years of age, two years younger than his cousin. The Brahmo Somaj, in the Theistic Church of India, was founded about 100 years ago by Rammohun Roy, a high-caste Brahmin. Chunder Sen and Chunder Mozoomdar have awakened it into activity, and have brought it into prominence.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

AN expedition, consisting of nine men, sailed, recently, from Boston for Cayenne, to try their fortunes in the diggins of Guiana.

THE University of California has this year 168 candidates for degrees. Last year it had 144. There are 38 female students in the University.

THE excitement in election matters in Nevada continues. The parties are so divided and mixed up that it is difficult to predict the result.

A PHILADELPHIA lawyer estimates that $1,550,000 is the amount so far involved in the libel suits growing out of the interminable Beecher-Tilton scandal.

WENDELIN SCHMIDT, a German cabinet maker, in Cincinnati, who was arrested for abusing his family last Tuesday night, hung himself in his cell with a leather strap.

IN consequence of the long drouth, Mr. Sullivant, a wretched old farmer in Illinois, will have this year only 250,000 bushels of corn, 40,000 bushels of oats, and 5,000 tons of hay.

THE Egden House of Council Bluffs, Iowa, one of the finest hotels in the West, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The total loss is $80,000, and the insurance about $35,000.

THE religious souvenir sent by the Pope to the Marquis of Ripon is a magnificent crucifix, the figure of the Saviour and the ornaments being silver. The pedestal contains a very precious relic.

THE religious denomination, known as the United Brethern in Christ, celebrated their centennial anniversary, in Baltimore, on the 11th inst. The sect throughout the country includes about 130,000 members.

THE annual breakfast of the Alumni of the General Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church, took place in New York on Wednesday morning. Bishop Potter presided. Among the one hundred and thirty persons present were the Bishops of Oregon, Mississippi and Missouri.

SEVERAL months ago Trumbull's pictures of "Revolutionary Scenes" were removed from the rotunda of the Capitol at Washington, for the purpose of being cleaned and strengthened to save them from threatened decay. They have been improved in appearance and restored to their panels.

THE report of a case comes from New York wherein a contractor declines to pay for work performed, on the ground that he never ordered it. He admitted, however, that his twin brother might have done so, but that he was not responsible for his brother's action. It appears singular to see the "Comedy of Errors" in Court.

A BOILER in the rolling mill of George Coats & Bro., at Locust Point, Md., exploded on Wednesday morning, demolishing the boiler house, a solid brick structure, and chimney seventy-five feet high. Five men were severely injured, two probably fatally. Several hundred men are thrown out of employment until the damage is repaired.

THE following are announced as entries to the great $25,000 running race, to be given at San Francisco, November 14th, under the auspices of the Pacific Jockey Club. Thad. Stevens, Joe Daniels, Katie Pease, Hubbard, Henry, Alpha, Hocking, and Harwood. Extensive betting has already commenced. One club offer $3,000 for the right to sell pools.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* speaks favorably of the nomination of Mr. Joseph Medill, of Chicago, for next President, and the Cincinnati *Enquirer* laughs at the idea. We can suggest a ticket that may make the *Enquirer* laugh at the wrong side of its mouth. For instance: For President—Jas. G. Blaine, of Maine: for Vice President—Joseph Medill, of Illinois.—*St. Louis Globe.*

THERE is an impression abroad that in the event of the death of Brigham Young, now supposed to be near at hand, the Mormons will be thrown into confusion touching his successor as the head of the Church. Such, we think, is not the case, as all this is arranged and provided for, and the will of their great and reverend leader, lawgiver and prophet will be the law to the Saints. Nevertheless, his death will push the Mormon question in Utah to a speedy solution.

FOREIGN NOTES.

A LARGE and growing demand has sprung up in Japan for our boots and shoes, which are supplied through the San Francisco merchants.

A PARISH in Lincolnshire, England, has the right of choosing its clergyman by vote. A vacancy occurring recently, there were eight-five candidates.

DURING the past year there arrived in the port of Glasgow 14,633 vessels, representing a tonnage four times greater than that which entered ten years ago.

A LETTER from Havana, dated the 15th inst., says that Lorenzo Jiminez was condemned to death, but claimed American citizenship, and had his sentence commuted.

ADVICES from Berlin represent increasing public sympathy for Count von Arnim, on account of the harshness with which he is treated and the rigor of the domiciliary searches.

THE most recent act of benevolence by the Baroness Burdett Coutts, is the establishment of a donkey show at Torquay, for the promotion of kind treatment towards those animals, on the part of their drivers.

THE London *Saturday Review* says that chloral hydrate is used to a large extent in England to produce sleep, and that its effects are most injurious to the brains and nervous system of those who use it habitually.

IN a certain Paris restaurant in Rue de Trinite a plate of meat, a plate of vegetables, a dessert and half a bottle of wine are now served for nine cents, and a writer in the *Figaro*, having eaten, pronounces it a good meal.

NASBY LETTER.

The Democracy of the Corners Inaugurate a New Departure—How They Abandon Old Issues.

CONFEDERATE X ROADS, (*wich is in the State uv Kentucky*), October 3, 1874.—I hev bin for a long time convinst that the prinsiple trubble with the democrisy wuz a sort uv a lack uv progressiveness, of adaptability, ef I may so speak, to changes in the requirements uv the times. Dimocrisy hez alluz bin in a rut, and it never kin go on to glory, in my opinyun, till it gits histed out uv it.

I determined that the Cross Roads, at leest, should be progressive, and should take the lead in makin dimocrisy all that it ought to be. In short, I perposed to inoggerate a new deparcher, and bring the old party up abreast with the live ishoos uv the day.

To this end I consulted with Deekin Pogram, Issaker Gavett and Captain McPelter, and they agreed with me that that wuz wat ought to be done, and that no time shood be lost a doin uv it. Ever prompt, I segestid that we git together that very night, in the back room at Bascom's, and draw up a progressive platform, which shood go forth to the world as the prinsiples uv the progressive dimocrisy uv the Cross-Roads, which we shood live by.

But the ill-luck which hez followed me all my life, and hez well-nigh brot my gray hairs in sorrow to the grave, wuz close behind me on this occashun. At 5 that afternoon I wuz sent for to go to Secessionville to serve on a joory to try a nigger for hog steelin, wich of course cood not be put off. I told Issaker, the Deekin and McPelter to git together and draw up the resolooshens and send em to the country paper to insert.

"Make em strong and peppery," I sed. "Avoid the musty noshens uv the dead past, and strike out suthing new and startlin. Make em progressive, and put yourselves in accord with to-day. Remember that all old things must be done away with and all old things must become new. Head off the Abilishinists and Grangers and sich by goin back onto the old and being more progressive than even they are."

With this advice I left em and went to Secessionville and tried the nigger. We didn't waste any time on evidence or anything uv that sort. Nor did we leave the box. We brought him in guilty, and to save the county costs hung him at once.

I got home the next mornin, and went to Issaker's immejit, to see wat they hed done.

"Did you draw up them resolooshens?" I askt.

"We did," sed he, "and sent them off, and they are in print afore this time."

"Are they progressive?" askt I.

"Yoo bet!" sed he.

"Did yoo ignore old ishoos? did yoo draw a sponge over the past, and are they full uv live, new idees?"

"They are," sed he, "here is a copy uv 'em."

I took the paper and red.

WHEREAS, It seems ez tho the Corners hed a call to step in the front rank uv the progressive men uv to-day, and

WHEREAS, The Corners believes in progress, turns its back onto the ded past, and ignores the dead ishoos wich hez heretofore okkepied the public mind; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Dimocrisy uv the Corners believe the war uv 1812 wuz justifiable, and return their thanks to the heroic soljers and salers who so nobly sustained the honor uv the country's flag in that desprit struggle.

Resolved, That the resolooshens uv '98 meet our hearty approval, tho we aint jest certin wat they wuz.

Resolved, That the late war agin the South wuz conseved in sin, and wuz a blow aimed at the only chivalry this country ever hed, and that the results thereof wuz all brot forth in inikity.

Resolved, That Afrikin slavery is not only justified by the holy skripters, but is the normal thing for this or any other country.

Resolved, That we brand the Emansipashen Proclamashen ez emanatin from a gorilla, and the Constitushnel Amendment abolishen slavery ez a fraud which we are not called upon to recognise.

Resolved, That a nigger is a inferior bein', and that whoever asserts his rite to any ekality with the proud, superior Caucashen race is a fanatic and agitator, and ought not to be allowed to live in a free country.

Resolved, That we deny the rite uv the nigger to vote, and brand them ez urge it ez enemies uv their country.

Resolved, That we hold steadfastly to the doctrine of states' rites, the rite uv secession and the rite of each state to govern itself as it dam pleases.

Resolved, That the laws agin marryin niggers should, for the pretecshin uv our young men, be more rigidly enforced than ever.

Resolved, That all lerislashen agin the likker interest is uv—

I cood read no longer. I dropt the paper and nashed my teeth.

"Is this yooridee uv suthin progressive?" I asked. "Is this yoor noshen uv buryin dead ishoos? Is this your idee uv gettin into the van uv public opinyun and hevin sum advanced noshens?"

"It's all the democrisy we knew anything about," sed Issaker, and Deekin Pogram comin up remarkt that he hed stood onto such a platform ez that ever since he hed voted, and it wuz good enuff for him.

It wuz no use to argue with them, for they are iron-clads. I merely remarkt to em that while they wuz about it they ought to hev resolved suthin about the stamp act, Hampden's opposition to shipmoney, the Punic wars, Alexander's invashen uv Asia, and above all things they should hev protested agin the imposishen uv the Egyptshens in requiren the Israelites to make brix without straw.

"The trouble with them resolooshens is," sed I, with a witherin look at em, "the subjex is too recent."

And I strode hastily away. The resolooshens wuz in print, and will go North. You can't git them old noshens out or the head ov an old line democrit any more than yoo kin keep em from drinkin corn whisky. It hez alluz been my misforchoon to hev asses to deal with. Heaven help me, how much I hev to endoor at their hands.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
(Which wuz Postmaster.

THE AUTUMN.

Thou comest, Autumn, heralded by the rain
With banners, by great gales incessant fanned,
Brighter than brightest silks of Samarcand,
And stately oxen harnessed to thy wain!
Thou standest, like imperial Charlemagne,
Upon thy bridge of gold; the royal hand
Outstretched with benediction o'er the land,
Blessing the farms through all thy vast domain!
Thy shield is the red harvest moon, suspended
So long beneath heaven's o'erhanging eaves;
Thy sergeants by the fairies drawn attended;
Like flames upon an altar shine the leaves;
And, following thee, in thy ovation splendid,
Rhine harmony, the wind, scatters the golden leaves!

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
HON. E. M. PAXSON, of Philadelphia.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
HON. A. G. OLMSTED, of Potter.
AUDITOR GENERAL.
GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.
COLONEL R. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

COUNTY TICKET.

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JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.
Twenty-third District.
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.
STATE SENATE.
Forty-second District.
HUGH McNEIL, Allegheny.
Forty-fourth District.
JNO. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins township.
Forty-fifth District.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY.
First District.
HENRY M. LONG.
W. H. GRAHAM.
HENRY GERWIG.
Second District.
CHARES JEREMY.
JAMES ONSLOW.
Third District.
THOMAS ROWSWELL.
Fourth District.
D. B. MORRISON.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT.
S. P. McCORD.
JAMES LARIMER.
Fifth District.
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
H. K. Sample.
Sixth District.
A. B. YOUNG.
GEORGE ARCHIBALD.
JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT.
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.
ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
JOHN A. McQUAIDE, Etna.
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G. W. WEDDELL, McKeesport.
DIRECTOR OF POOR.
HENRY R. CHALFANT.

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CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

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OFFER
GREAT BARGAINS
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AND
Desirable
Goods.
Sweeping
Reductions
IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
NOVELTIES
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's
HATS,
OSTRICH TIPS,
FLOWERS,
Velvets, Velveteens,
SILKS, FRAMES.
Sash Ribbons at 25c.
A FULL LINE OF
HOSIERY,
FROM 10 AND 12½ CENTS UP.
GENTS' HALF HOSE
75 Cents per Dozen and Upwards.
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Beaded Trimmings,
Beaded Beltings,
Beaded Gimps,
Beaded Laces.
CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS
25 Different Styles, from 50c up.
Prices and styles to suit everybody.
Silk Scarfs, 22c. each.
KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES!
BEST MAKES, ALL COLORS.
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Greatly Reduced Prices.
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Brass Founders
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HEAT BY STEAM
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Iron Working Machinery
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Removed from 28 Wood street, to
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OPPOSITE HARE'S HOTEL.
Entrance also Nos. 3 and 5 Union street.

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EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS
IN
NEW AND DESIRABLE
Dress Goods,
FROM THE LOWEST PRICES
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At 12½c, 18½c and 25c, Decided Bargains in New Dress Goods.
At 50c. All-Wool Black Cashmeres, a decided bargain.
At 50c and 60c. All-Wool French Merinos, full width, good colors.
Special Bargains in Fine Black
MOHAIR ALPACAS
ALL QUALITIES.
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THE LOWEST PRICES IN
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French Merinos and Cashmeres, all colors.
Sateens, Serges, and Twills.
Camel's Hair Cloths.
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Mourning Dress Goods, every description.
Children's Dress Goods, great variety.
LADIES' SUITS,
SHAWLS, SACQUES,
JACKETS, &c., &c.
Special attention is requested to our assortment of Ladies' Made Up Suits, which is now very full and complete, embracing all the latest styles and desirable materials, made in the best manner.
New Cloth and Cashmere Jackets.
New Cloaks and Sacques.
New Embroidered Polonaises.
New Shawls, all kinds.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL STREET,
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FIFTY PIECES
NEW BLACK
CASHMERES
46 INCH BLACK CASHMERE at 75c, 87c and $1.00.
46 INCH BLACK CASHMERE at $1.00 and up to $2.00 per yard.
As Black Cashmeres are now so much sought after we have bought largely (for cash) in fine qualities, and invite our customers and the public to examine our stock, and be convinced of the superior value we offer.
NEW COLORED
Dress Goods!
OPENING DAILY.
New Seal Brown Cashmeres at 65c.
Ladies' Beaver Cloth Jackets, from $4.50 to $40.
New Shawls, New Skirts.
New Hosiery, New Gloves.
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
Special bargains in Ladies' White Merino Vests at 75 cents.
Felt Skirts at 87½ cents.
New Flannels, New Blankets.
Just opened, one case Double width Barred Flannel, extra quality, at 25 cents.
Boggs & Buhl.
128
Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
WHITE, ORR & CO.
New Linen Goods.
TABLE LINENS,
NAPKINS,
DOYLIE.
Linen Sets of Cloth and Napkins
Suitable for Bridal presents, our own importation.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
35 Fifth Avenue.
H. J. LYNCH,
No 96 Market Street.
Just received, everything new and desirable in
Dress Goods,
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oct 5

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Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
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ALSO,
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HOT AIR REGISTERS AND
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CHOICEST DESIGNS IN
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ELEGANT STYLES IN
TWO AND THREE PLYS
AT REDUCED PRICES, AT
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
New No. 29 Fifth Avenue.
20 TONS MIDDLINGS,
3 cars prime white Oats,
3 cars prime mixed Oats,
2 cars shelled Corn,
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For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREARY & CO.,
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PEARL ASH.—10 CASKS FOR SALE by J. B. CANFIELD, 116 Water street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
Extraordinary Low Prices
IN
Muslins,
Calicos,
AND ALL KINDS OF
HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
At 8½c, Good Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
At 10c, Extra quality 4-4 Bleached Muslin.
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At 4c and 5c, Fast Colored Calicos.
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Shirting, Sheeting and Pillow Case Muslins, all widths and qualities, at lowest prices.
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Furniture Chintzes, Checks and Dimities.
White and Colored Bed Quilts.
New styles best Calicos.
At 18½c, Special bargains in Dark Hemp Carpets.
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In this department the stock is unusually full and complete, and prices always the very lowest.
Blankets, of all sizes and qualities.
Colored Blankets, extra bargains.
Fancy Carriage Blankets.
Shirting Flannels, every description.
Finest quality Barred Flannels.
Plain Colored Flannels, all kinds.
Fine Opera Flannels.
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Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
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5 per cent. per annum upon daily balances—from business men borrowing accounts—payable on demand.
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DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
THURSDAY, October 22, 1874.

The quiet, but fairly active condition of finances noted for several days past, still continues. There is not a fully sanguine feeling prevalent as to the favorable prospects of trade beyond the first of January, and there is a prevailing tightness in local collections that cannot be satisfactorily accounted for. It is argued on the other hand that affairs have been growing steadily stringent, and that there is less available money now than there was three months ago. Those who hold this view also argue that with the advent of the new year there will be an easier condition of finances, and that all matters will be on a better footing. On the other hand, the local stringency is accounted for on the theory that with the more active trade that is developing there has been developed a necessity for ready money, and that this keeps very many close to outside affairs. We venture no opinion on the subject. The banks are dealing quite generously with their customers, but have all they can do. Real estate continues quiet.

—The New York papers say that since the failure of Kaufman & Co., confidence in the solvency of mercantile firms has been so much shaken that foreign commercial bills are almost unnegotiable. The latest failure in the New York dry goods trade is Mygatt, Haviland & Co., and in the dry goods trade of that city generally there is little that is encouraging. "With the opening of the week," says the *Dry Goods Reporter* on Saturday, "there was a degree of action begun that indicated a good business for the period under review, but it was of short duration, as the day following was one of extreme dullness; and though the pleasanter weather that succeeded brought forth an inquiry in a small way, the volume of trade has been very much smaller in both the commission and jobbing departments than was anticipated." The advance in rate of interest by the Bank of England on last Thursday from 3 per cent. to 4 per cent., the presumed inability of Henry Clews & Co. to resume, and several other circumstances of greater or less importance, combined to make a very unsatisfactory condition of things in New York last week.

—A new sort of court of arbitration connected with the New York Chamber of Commerce, and intended for the settlement of commercial questions, was organized under the Legislature of New York last winter, and has at last got into operation, and was opened at the New York Chamber of Commerce on Thursday. The new court is presided over by a Grand Arbitrator, who holds his appointment from the Governor. The decisions of the board are to be equally binding with those of the courts. The expected advantages are a saving of time and money and the facilitating of commercial transactions generally. Such institutions have been in operation for a long while in Germany, and, having worked well there, it is reasonable to suppose that they will be attended with like satisfactory results here.

—The Treasury began yesterday the prepayment, with five days' rebate, of the November interest on the public debt. It is said that the rebate of the May and November coupons is held abroad. If this be the case, and the Rothschild-Seligman syndicate purchase and turn them into the Treasury on their 5 per cent. bond contract, it is possible that less disbursements will be made by the Government on the November interest than formerly.

—London advices state that £211,000 were withdrawn from the Bank of England Thursday. This would seem to indicate an active movement for money in France and Germany, both of which countries are known to be working against "the banker of the world," in consequence of the crop and other monetary demands.

—The Uruguayan Government intends issuing $4,000,000 in paper money. The bank of Entre Rios has suspended.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 56 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed.
Gold	110	110¾
U. S. 6's—1861—coupons	118½	118¾
5-20 1862	113	113
20—1864	116	116
" 1865	117¾	117⅝
" 1865 new	116⅛	116
" 1867	117¾	117⅝
" 1868—coupons	117	117
10-40's	111¾	111¾
Currency 6's	118	118
New 5 per cents	111½	111¾
10-40's—coupons	112	112
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	100¾	100⅞
Erie	29	29
L. C.	91¾	90
R. R. & E.		
C. C. & I. C.	9⅜	9
St. Paul	32½	32½
Do. Pref	49¾	50
Michigan Southern	79⅜	80⅜
Do. Central	79	79
North Western Common	37⅜	37⅜
Do. Pref		
Rock Island	97⅜	97⅜
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	87	87
Pacific Mail	46⅛	46⅛
Western Union Telegraph	79½	79⅝
Ohio & Mississippi	28¾	28
Union Pacific	34	34
Toledo & Wabash	23¼	20
Harlem	127	129
Chicago & Alton	97	97
Adams Express	109	109
American Express	60¾	61
U. S. Express	67	66
W., Fargo & Co. Express	80	79½
Fort Wayne	93	
Merchants Union Express	18	18
Hannibal & St. Joseph	24½	24½
Pref.	55	55
A. & P. Pref.	12	
Panama	109	
Terre Haute	15	15
Penna Central	54⅜	
" scrip	103¾	
Reading	53½	
United Cos. of N. J.	128	84
Oil Creek	77½	
Lehigh Valley	60¾	61
Central Transportation	24¾	
Empire do	54	
A. T. & H. T. 1st	90	
P. C. & St. L. 7's	67¼	

NEW YORK, October 21, 1874.

Money active, closing at 5; prime mercantile paper 6@7, short and long. Sterling was firm at 485¼ for sixty days and 488¾ for sight. The customs receipts were $214,000. Gold opened and closed at 110¼, with a few transactions in the interim at 111¼. The borrowing rates were 1, 7 and 1-64. The carrying rates were 1, 2, and finally flat. The Assistant Sreasurer disbursed $27,000. The clearings were $25,000. Governments were steady. State bonds were dull. Railroad bonds were firm. Stocks were irregular during the first hours of business, but in the main weak, with limited transactions. After the second call a general decline occurred along the entire list, but towards the close a general improvement took place and a firmer feeling prevailed. The widest fluctuations were in Wabash, Lake Shore, Northwest, St. Paul, Rock Island, Erie, Western Union, Union Pacific and C. C. & I. C. The sales were 175,000 shares, of which 17,000 were Western Union, 10,000 Pacific Mail, 17,000 Erie, 28,000 Lake Shore, 18,000 Union Pacific, 16,000 Northwest, 18,000 Wabash, and 5,000 Ohios.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 118¾; 5-20 of '62, 113; do of '64, 116; do do '65, 117¾; do do '67, 117¾; new 5s, 111¾; do of '67, 117¾; do do '68, 117¾; new 5s, 111¾; 10-40s, 112¾; currency 6s, 118.

State bonds.—Missouri sixes, 94; Tennessee, old, 67; do new, 67; Virginia new, 67; do old, 34; North Carolina, old, 31; do new, 12½.

Stocks.—Quicksilver, 30; Adams Express, 109; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 79¾; American Express, 61; United States Express, 66; Pacific Mail, 46¾; New York Central, 100¾; Erie, 29; do preferred, 50; Harlem, 128; do preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 79¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 87; Northwestern Common, 37¾; do preferred, 85½; Rock Island, 97¾; New Jersey Central, 103½; St. Paul, 32½; do preferred, 80; Toledo & Wabash, 20¾; do preferred, Fort Wayne, 92; Terre Haute, 7; do preferred, 23; Chicago & Alton, 97; do preferred, 109; Ohio & Mississippi, 28; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 66; Burlington & Quincy, 100; Lake Shore, 80¾; Panama, 91; Hannibal & St. Joseph Central, 24¾; do preferred, 55; Central Pacific, 92; Illinois Central, 107¼.

LONDON, October 21—5 P. M.—The rate of discount in open market for three months' bills is 3 7-8 per cent., which is 1 below the Bank of England rate. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £35,000. Consols, for money, 92¾@92¾; account 92¾@92¾; new 5's, 108¾; New York Central 95, 97; Erie, 26¼; do. preferred, 51; New York Central 95; Erie, 26¼.

PARIS, October 21.—Rentes, 62f. 3c.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH DAILY MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, 1874.

The following from the New York *Bulletin* is applicable to almost every locality: "The Boston *Commercial Bulletin*'s compilations of a certain class of people in the world who are never satisfied with the condition of their business—or who are very slow to acknowledge business to be good. You ask them how business is, and they reply, if it be winter, "Well, you see this mild weather ruins our trade. Now, if it would only come a sharp snowstorm we might see some trade." Ask the same people in the summer and they will tell you, "There's nothing doing. This cold weather blocks trade everywhere. If we could only have hot weather, business would be rushing." But ask such people when and where and when not business is, and they will always tell you that there's "little or nothing doing." We do not know for certain whether we have such a disagreeable class here in New York or not. If we have, it will do them no harm to heed the philosophy which our Boston contemporary has given us for something reflection—that "all this gloom, this sighing and grumbling, is considerable injury to trade in general. The same disposition which would transform it more like a convent, a prison or a den of gloom than anything else, and would give the melancholia all the dominion. All this senseless gloom of business men depresses trade, and buyers will not buy when they hear on all sides people grumbling and groaning over the condition of trade. As a cheerful household renders the place attractive, and a true home, so cheerful traders attract trade and business."

APPLES—Continue to come in freely, and the market is generally reported dull, but prices are still sustained, ranging from $1,50@2.50 per bbl. Dealers do not expect much of an apple trade until after the first of the year.

APPLE BUTTER—In kegs, 60@65 ₱ gallon.

BEANS—Are in light stock, but there is not much inquiry; prices unchanged; medium, $2@2,25; navies, $2.40@2.50 ₱ bushel.

BUTTER—The market is generally reported quiet, and while fine grades are only moderately active the supply is fully equal to present requirements and prices remain unchanged: prime to choice roll, 23@26 in casks.

CHEESE—Firm, with regular sales of Ohio Factory at 16@16½; New York do, 17@17½.

CRANBERRIES—Selling at from $10@15 ₱ bbl. as to quality.

CHESTNUTS—In good supply, dull and drooping; quotable at $2.50@3 ₱ bushel.

EGGS—The market continues dull, and with a supply enough not large, in excess of the demand, prices are weak and drooping; fresh cannot be fairly quoted above 22.

FLOUR—The market continues dull and prices are weak but without quotable change. Superfine wheat flours, $6@6,25 for Wisconsin; and $6.50@6.75 for Minnesota; red winters, $6@6.50; white ditto, $6.75@7.25. Rye Flour, $5.75.

GROCERIES—Business in the grocery trade continues rather quiet, and there are no new features to record deserving of special mention. Prices generally under date of 17th reports the receipts of Coffee for the week at 25,000 bags; purchases for the United States, 14,000 bags; stock, 160,000 bags. Our advices from the seaboard report those markets as being firm quiet, with light supplies. Sugars, Molasses and syrups quiet and unchanged.

SUGARS.			
Crushed	11¾	Standard B	10⅝
Granulated	11¼	Extra Standard	10¾
Powdered	11¾	Demarara	10¼@10⅜
Standard A	11	Porto Rico	9¼@ 9½
SYRUPS.			
Sugar house	40@45	Sugar Drips	55@70
Maryland	60	Extra Refinery	75@80
Silver Drips	60	Extra Golden	75@80
COFFEES.			
Rio Good	20 @21	Roasted Hdpkge	26
Rio Prime	22 @23	Roasted loose	25½
Rio Fancy	24 @25	Roasted Java	40
RICE.			
Rangoon ₱ lb	7 @7½	Patna ₱ lb	7½@8
Carolina ₱ lb	8 @8½		
MOLASSES.			
Porto Rico	55@60	New Orleans	45@60
Demarara	60@65		

GRAIN—The market for Wheat continues quiet and unchanged, there is a moderate demand but the supply is fully equal to it. We continue to quote Penna and Ohio red at $1,12@1,15; and amber and white at $1,16@1,20. The Oat market is, if anything, a shade firmer in tone, in response to further advices from the west, especially from Chicago, but prices are no better; 57@58c. for Penna and Ohio. There is an increased demand for new ear Corn, and a little better feeling in consequence, but no improvement to speak of and the close of the week. Corn, both ear and shelled, is dull and difficult to quote. Rye is quiet and unchanged at $1@1,05.

HONEY—In boxes, 35.

HAY—The market for baled continues dull, with more offering than is wanted, but prices remain about as last quoted, viz: Timothy from $16 to $20, according to quality and condition.

ONIONS—Selling at $2@2½ bbl.

PROVISIONS—There is a continued steady demand, but prices are weak and drooping, as will be seen by following quotations: Hams—Extra Sugar Cured, 14½c.; Shoulders, 9½c. Extra Sugar Cured, 11¼c; Breakfast Bacon, 15c; Dried Beef, Extra Sugar Cured, 15c. Beef Tongues, ₱ doz. 87. Bacon Shoulders, 9c. Short Rib Sides, 10c. Clear Sides, 15c. Mess Pork, ₱ bbl, $24.00. Lard—Prime Leaf, in tierces, ₱ lb, 15; Refined for Summer use, in tierces, 15½; in bbls, 16; in bkts, 16¾; in 3 lb cans, 17½; in 5 lb do., 16¾; in 3 lb pails, 17½; in 5 lb do., 17½; in 6 lb do., 17½. Ham Sausage, 10.

POTATOES—Are coming forward more freely, and the market has commenced to get shaky; dealers generally anticipating a break, as arrivals are large, and unless the receipts slack, a break is almost inevitable. Quotations cannot fairly be given above 55@60 ₱ bushel by the car load, although in lots we know there have been no sales made as yet at the reduced quotations, but we are satisfied that it would be very difficult, in the present shape the market is now, in to obtain anything more. Sweets dull; Baltimores, $2.50@3 ₱ bbl; Jerseys, $4@4.50.

POULTRY—Live chickens, by the coop, 50@55c ₱ pair, according to size.

PROVISIONS—There is a very fair jobbing demand, but the general tone and spirit of the market is downward in sympathy with hogs.

SEEDS—There is not enough doing in any kind of Seed to establish quotations.

TALLOW—Country, 7@7½; city, 8@8½.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS,
WEDNESDAY, October 21, 1874.

The arrivals of live stock from and including Sunday up until noon to-day, were as follows:

	Cattle.	Sheep.	Hogs.
Sunday	114 cars.	12 cars.	85 cars.
Monday	72 "	5 "	77 "
Tuesday	107 "	30 "	46 "
Wednesday	136 "	23 "	18 "
Total	388 "	73 "	156 "
Same time last week	265 "	88 "	90 "

CATTLE.

The arrivals, as will be seen, have been large, unusually so, 124 cars in excess of the corresponding time last week, and, when we left the yards at noon to-day, there were quite a large number reported and arrived, but which had not been unloaded, of which, of course, we got no account. The bulk of the receipts thus far have been common in point of quality; prime to extra are scarce, the supply in light supply, hence while the former were dull and drooping as much as they did last week, the latter are bringing full as much as they did then. Extra cattle, the bulk of one dozen of three cars having brought 6¾ and 6¾ a shade firmer, owing to reasons given in other advices from the west, especially from Chicago, but prices are no better; 5½@6c. for fair to good. There is an increased demand for new ear Corn, and a little better feeling in consequence, but no improvement to speak of and the close of the week. Corn, both ear and shelled, is dull and difficult to quote. Rye is quiet and unchanged at $1@1,05.

HONEY—In boxes, 35.

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ONIONS—Selling at $2@2½ bbl.

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POTATOES—Are coming forward more freely, and the market has commenced to get shaky; dealers generally anticipating a break, as arrivals are large, and unless the receipts slack, a break is almost inevitable. Quotations cannot fairly be given above 55@60 ₱ bushel by the car load, although in lots we know there have been no sales made as yet at the reduced quotations, but we are satisfied that it would be very difficult, in the present shape the market is now, in to obtain anything more. Sweets dull; Baltimores, $2.50@3 ₱ bbl; Jerseys, $4@4.50.

POULTRY—Live chickens, by the coop, 50@55c ₱ pair, according to size.

PROVISIONS—There is a very fair jobbing demand, but the general tone and spirit of the market is downward in sympathy with hogs.

SEEDS—There is not enough doing in any kind of Seed to establish quotations.

TALLOW—Country, 7@7½; city, 8@8½.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—Beef Cattle—The market for this description of stock was devoid of animation to-day, and with a supply largely in excess of the requirements of the butchers, prices ruled fully ½@¾c ₱ lb. all around. About the only demand of moment prevailed for the better grades, and the supply of these being light they were quickly absorbed at the concession above noted, while other kinds were abundant, and for the most part nominal in value. A few droves of extra fancy steers were on sale and brought 7¼@8c ₱ lb. We quote fair to good at 6½@7c, and common at 5@6c ₱ lb. Receipts 4,600 head.

Sheep attracted very little attention, and with a supply largely in excess of the demand, buyers favored the buying interest; we quote fair to good at 4½@5c, extra at 6c, and common at $1,50@3 per head. Lambs sold at unchanged rates. Our inquiry for good, and $1,50 to $2,50 for common. Receipts, 15,000 head.

Cincinnati Iron Market.

CINCINNATI Oct. 20.—Wm. Means, in his circular, says: The pig iron market is unusually depressed. There is nothing encouraging in its present aspect unless it is because there remains so little room for it to grow worse. The quotations indicating ruinous prices for the various grades, do not tell the whole story, since there are always those anxious to realize at less than the market rates, and every transaction of the kind has the effect to unsettle previous quotations. The negative consolation afforded in the hope that the darkest hour has come would be more assuring if it could be shown that the production of the future would not be cut off all proportion to the consumption. This is the problem for iron masters to solve. It is plain that in the magnificent facilities awaiting development throughout the country, the only margin that new enterprises may be stimulated more rapidly than can possibly be warranted by a natural increase of consumption.

Lard From New York.

We understand (says the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*) from good authority, that a liberal shipment of lard from New York is now en route for our market to fill contracts, "shorts" preferring to pay New York prices, freight and other expenses added, to buying on our own market. The difference in values more than pays for the extra expense, the quotations at New York being about five cents ₱ pound below our market.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, 1874.

There is but little doing in Crude, and the market is quiet and without quotable change as regards prices; immediate shipment is still quotable at 80c ₱ barrel. Late and reliable advices from Parker withdraw to report business dull at that point, also that the outlook is not regarded as being favorable for an early improvement, as the production is reported as keeping up well, stocks heavy and increasing, while the consumption is light and the demand falling off. As regards refined, it, too, is quiet. Our refiners could sell at 11¾ delivered in Philadelphia, which is just about a cent less than it would cost to put it there. There are no orders on Baltimore account for the present; the last sales reported were at 9¾ delivered at the depot of the Connellsville Railroad. However, there is considerable sold to go to Baltimore, and not yet delivered, and it is expected by the time what is sold has been shipped that there will be fresh orders on the market to buy.

The Barrel market continues very dull, but prices have undergone no recent change; countries, $1,30; city make, $1,40. The stock of barrels in the hands of refiners, and about here, is estimated at about 250,000.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper	Consignee.	Bbls.
B S Duncan	Rfrers O W	471
Fisher Bros	Citizens O W	461
Fisher Bros	Star O W	461
Fisher Bros	Sunbeam O W	240
Fisher Bros	Eureka O W	80
J Bleakly	Excelsior O W	182
E Crawford	D Bly & Co	80
Total		2,193

The Decline of Prices in England.

The reabtion of trade and depression of industries in Europe, which were produced mainly by the high prices of iron and coal in 1872-3, have made a great decline in the prices of the very articles that were the highest a year ago. The London *Economist* compares the prices of several articles at the beginning of October this year with the prices current a year previous, as follows:

Wheat from 46s 2d to 46s 9d, or 27 ₱ cent.
Corn from 34s to 24s 6d, or 28 ₱ cent.
Scotch Pig from from 108s 6d to 85s 6d, 21 ₱ cent.
Copper from £84 to £73 10s, or 7 ₱ cent.
Tin from £126 6s to £93 10s, or 25 ₱ cent.
Cotton from 8½d to 7 15-16 per pound, 10 ₱ cent.
Wool from 22d to 18½ 8s, or 15½ ₱ cent.

The very fact, however, that there has been so great a decline in prices of these staple articles is in favor of another reaction and another upward movement of prices. There was no other reason for the panic in this country and the depression in Europe than the fact that trafficod building in the United States was progressing so well. But the idea of expansion and improvement in the Western States was not a dream or a bubble. The most sanguine expectations of agricultural and mineral wealth in the Western Territories will undoubtedly be more than realized in a much shorter space of time than is dreamed of by most people. The unemployed wealth of Europe will also soon be compelled to again seek employment in America, because there is no other adequate field. Even what is now thought about, as they soon will, the reaction of prices of most of the staples above noted will be great and rapid.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 21, 1874.

FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and declined; No 1 spring 91@92c; No 2 88¾c spot; 88¾c seller October; 86¾c seller November; 88¾c seller the year; No 3 83c; rejected 80@81c. Corn dull and declined; No 2 mixed 32c spot; 32¾c seller October; 46¾c seller November; 67¾c seller the year. Oats dull and lower; No 2 49¼c spot; 49¾c seller October; 46¾c seller November; 45¾c seller the year; rejected 44@ 44¼c. Rye: demand fair and market firm at 82@ 83c. Barley: demand good at full prices; No 2 $1,10@1,11 cash; $1,14 bid seller October; $1,07@1,07½ seller November.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull at $16,15 seller the year. Lard dull and prices nominal at 12c spot; $11,20 seller the year.

Whisky lower at 97½@98c.

On call Board this afternoon wheat closed unchanged. Corn 73¾c seller October; 69¼c seller November. Oats 49¼c seller October.

New York.

NEW YORK, October 21.—Flour moderate; receipts 8,000 barrels; superfine western and State $4,35@5,30; common to good $5,40@5,75; good to choice $5,35@5,90; white wheat extra $5,90@6,35; extra Ohio $4,90@6,80; St. Louis $5,10@6,30. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; receipts 77,000 bushels; No 3 spring $1,07@1,07½; No 2 $1,08@1,07; No. 2 Northwest $1,07; No 1 Milwaukee $1,10@1,11; No 1 spring, $1,17@1,23; No 1 white michigan $1,30; amber winter $1,20@ 1,23. Barley and Malt unchanged. Corn: more doing, but lower; receipts 56,000 bushels; western mixed in store 90c; do afloat 89@90c; high mixed and yellow western 90@91c; choice white $1,01. Oats a shade firmer; receipts 22,000 bushels; No 1 old W H Byram; 150 sks do from P & C; 1 car potatoes Welsh Bro; 2 do do Voigt M & Co; 48 sk flour H Riddle Son & Co; 10 do J Henderson; Gallery & Co; 25 bxs cheese Caldwell & Co; 2 bbls hides G N Hoffstott; 6 bbls eggs Head C & Co; 40 do Voigt M & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.—28 cars coal Armstrong D & Co; 27 do Sable C Co; 69 do N Y & C G Co; 1 do Stone J H Walters; 15 do Klomon & C; 2 do lime W J Baughman; 3 do lumber Hilton Bro; 22 cars stone J L Lowry; 17 do Isabella Furnace Co; 4 cars ice Chaut Lake Ice Co; 1 car potatoes L Oatman & Son; 1 car put clay Dilworth & Co; 1 do potatoes Penner & Wilder; 1 car nail kegs Shoenmachine R Straw; 4 bdls rags rags McCloskey & Smith; 1 bbl chestnuts A Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 sack office Reymer Bros; 28 bdls rg hides 3 do s pelts 1 bbl tallow 1 bag tankage G Kahn; 1 bbl shoddy Smith H Reg Jr; 5 bbls apples H F Brueggeman; 12 do do McColl Laing & McKallip; 25 bdls dressed fruit H McCarty; 13 sks wheat Scott & G; 20 baskets apples Sam Neals; 25 do fruit Jas Speers; 1 hay cutter E Interise; 2 bbls wine J Levy; 11 bx brushes G Kelly, 1 car potatoes McBane & A.

ALLEGHENY STATION—1 car lumber Mullen S & Co; 10 bbls beans J McPherson; 1 car lumber Clark & Co; 4 cars wheat Gilmore & Co; 21 barrels apples Kennedy & Co; 6 bills leather W Bellier; 6 do Kiefer & Co; 15 bbls liquor G Heiliger; 1 car logs Holmes & Co; 1 car o corn 1 do flour G Stewart; 24 sks flour J Hurrock; 2 cars barley Straub & G; 1 car staves J H Lotz; 40 sks flour wheat Gilmore & Co; Briggs & K; 1 do J N Straub; 1 car staves H Corbet; 1 car hay J Stedeford; 17 bags potatoes W McCalla; 1 car lumber McQuewan.

Cleveland Leader—*Wool Market.*—The Eastern and Western markets are very much unsettled, and the Western Territories will undoubtedly be more than realized in a much shorter space of time than is dreamed of by most people. The unemployed wealth of Europe will also soon be compelled to again seek employment in America, because there is no other adequate field. Even what is now thought about, as they soon will, the reaction of prices of most of the staples above noted will be great and rapid.—*Chicago Inter-ocean.*

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PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—5 bbls whisky Kelly & Co; 5 bbls apples Wm Smith; 1 car lumber Mullen S & Co; 1 car hay Wm Smith; 1 car lumber Clark & Co; 4 cars wheat Gilmore & Co; 21 barrels apples Kennedy & Co; 6 bills leather W Bellier; 6 do Kiefer & Co; 15 bbls liquor G Heiliger; 1 car logs Holmes & Co; 1 car o corn 1 do flour G Stewart; 24 sks flour J Hurrock; 2 cars barley Straub & G; 1 car staves J H Lotz; 40 sks flour wheat Gilmore & Co; Briggs & K; 1 do J N Straub; 1 car staves H Corbet; 1 car hay J Stedeford; 17 bags potatoes W McCalla; 1 car lumber McQuewan.

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IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD—1 car lumber W W Rigdon; 200 bbls lime J E Canfield; 1 car stone F Adena; 400 sks flour D Wallace; do Heath & S; 1 do Union Planing Mill; 30 barrels onions H J McCracken & Bro; 20 do J Ellis; 40 do H Lea; 2 cars ½ bbls Lewis O & P; 2 do o bbls C A Wormcastle; 50 bbls oil H C Vantine; 10 pkgs eggs and butter J H Loh & Co; 15 do Voigt M & Co; 1 car beef J Lisy & Co; 12 bbls oil J S Ramsay; 1 car pipe W Hutchinson; 36 bbls paper Pgh Paper Co.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—1 car lime J & M Peet; 4 do hay M Meek; 1 do Keeler & Co; 1 do flour J H Voskamp; 2 do flour owners; 10 bbls spirits Getty & Co; 10 bales hops J Rhodes; 10 bbls spirits Rodelheim B & Co; 19 bbls eggs E Fox & Co; 1 car corn McIlvaine & H; 27 bbls peaches Aiken W & P; 48 bbles W Flaccus & Son; 10 bbls flour Caskey & S; 10 do J Henderson; 100 bags shorts Hill & H; 18 bbls paper Pgh Paper Co; 5 do 20 sks do W Patterson; 4 bbls eggs J H Loh & Co; 2 pkgs butter Whitehurst bros; 1 car potatoes 5 bbls eggs H J McCracken Bro; 1 car wheat Mallett & Co; 14 car potatoes J Kobie; 3 do W H Rhodes; 10 bbls spirits Rodelheim B & Co; 19 bbls eggs E Fox & Co; 1 car corn McIlvaney & H; 27 bbls peaches Aiken W & P; 48 bbles W Flaccus & Son; 10 bbls flour Caskey & S; 10 do J Henderson; 100 bags shorts Hill & H; 18 bb

HOME NEWS.

Lamp Explosion.

Last evening at fifteen minutes before nine o'clock an alarm of fire was sounded from box 5 in Allegheny. It was occasioned by a lamp being upset and exploding in a grocery store at the corner of Rebecca and Chartiers streets. The fire was extinguished before the engines arrived, and but slight damage was done.

Appleton's Announcement.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found the announcement of the great publishing house of Messrs. D. Appleton & Co. The list of new books advertised, comprises very valuable volumes—interesting as well to the general reader as the professional man. Messrs. Appleton & Co. keep up to the latest advance in their line, and there is no house where the best books from the best authors can be had at more reasonable rates.

The Herr's Island Fire.

The following explains itself:

ALLEGHENY, October 21, 1874.

The members of the Allegheny Fire Department desire to return their thanks to Messrs. Hugh McNeill, John Mosser, Simon McRoberts, John Bentley, and Mrs. Bettridge, Mrs. Nesmith and many others, who so kindly provided them with their meals while working at the fire on Herr's Island, October 10th.

(Signed) JAS. E. CROW, Chief Engineer.

The Point Bridge.

After the adjournment of the Bridge Committee yesterday afternoon, Mr. Robinson and several other South Side Councilmen visited Mr. Joshua Rhodes, who is interested in the construction of the bridge across the Monongahela river from the Point, by a private company. In reply to questions, Mr. Rhodes stated that if the ordinance authorizing the bridge passed Councils, the money to construct it would be at once forthcoming. That looks like business.

Seventh Ward Republicans.

Republicans of the Seventh ward should bear in mind the meeting which is to take place this evening at the Franklin Street School house. It is desired that there be a full attendance, in order that the ward may be thoroughly organized, and the active work of the canvass commenced. In less than two weeks the election takes place, and if the ward is to give a good account of itself at the polls, a little attention to the preliminary canvass will not be out of order. The meeting to-night should be largely attended, and the ball set in motion.

Over the Hillside.

Last evening about seven o'clock Mr. F. Beckert drove up the newly graded Troy Hill road, which has been open for travel for some time, but last evening the workmen before leaving placed several planks across the road to prevent people from driving into an excavation that they had made, but it being quite dark Mr. Beckert could not see the obstruction, and his horse fell over it, breaking the shafts and throwing Mr. B. out. Fortunately he in question escaped with a few bruises. The workmen had forgotten to place a lamp on the obstruction.

Installation.

An interesting service is expected this evening at Grace Memorial Presbyterian Church (colored) on Arthurs street—the occasion being the installation of Rev. W. H. Thomas, late of Utica, as pastor of the congregation. The Moderator of Presbytery will preside. Rev. Dr. Wilson will preach the sermon. Rev. Dr. McKinney will deliver the charge to the Pastor, and Rev. W. J. Holland the charge to the people. We have heretofore referred to the new minister, and can only add that the good impressions of him, first made, have been strengthened by his subsequent intercourse with the members of his prospective congregation.

Discharge of the Grand Jury.

The Grand Jury concluded the business before them yesterday, and were discharged. It is said that nearly one thousand cases were disposed of by this body in thirty-two days, which was highly complimented by Judge Sterrett, who remarked that he had, during his thirteen years' experience on the bench, never known a jury which did their business with such dispatch and less cost to the public.

Among the true bills which were returned were five against the proprietor of the *Allegheny Mail* for libel, three against the editor of the *Labor Tribune* for libel, nine for burglary against the burglars recently arrested in Allegheny, and one for murder against Sidney Davis, who, at a wedding at Camden station in August last, pushed Benjamin Wilson over the banisters of a porch, and in the fall Wilson broke his neck.

Coroner's Inquests.

An inquest was held on the body of William Blaney, who was killed, as it was supposed, by a passing freight train on Tuesday night about seven o'clock, near Spring Hill Station on the West Penn Railroad, mention of which was made in our issue of yesterday. After hearing the evidence in the case, the jury rendered a verdict of "Accidental death." It is said that the man was found dead on the railroad track by a tramp. Deceased was about 60 years of age, and leaves a wife and large family.

In the case of Adam Trautman, who died from injuries received in falling from the railroad bridge on last Saturday morning, the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the evidence given. They were not positive, however, after making an examination of the bridge, as to how deceased received his injuries, but were satisfied there had been no foul play.

Hard Times Have Come Again, Boys.

Yesterday afternoon a man passed the tailoring establishment of Mr. E. Houston, at 132 Smithfield street, near Sixth avenue, and snatched a pair of pants hanging in front of the store. Singular as it may seem, he made an outcry as he seized the garment and started off. Mr. Houston's attention was attracted by the noise, and going to the front he saw the man making off with his goods. When the man saw he had been detected he brought the pants back, and handing them to Mr. Houston, said he had stolen them and wanted to be arrested. On being asked for an explanation of his queer conduct he stated that he had no money, could get no work, had no place whereon to lay his head, and he had stolen the pants in the hope that he could be committed and sent to the Work House, where he could at least get food and clothing during the winter. Mr. Houston not only refused to have him taken into custody but raised him a sum of money to relieve his wants. Hard times have certainly come again, to some at least.

The Twenty-fourth District.

The Pittsburgh *Telegraph* and *Leader* announced on their own authority an indignation meeting in New Brighton on Tuesday evening last to denounce the action of the Congressional Conference. The evening came and with it the reporters of the aforesaid evening dailies, but they were the only ones in attendance. The reporters left in disgust, and that was the last heard of the proposed meeting. Maj. Critchlow is supporting the ticket and so are the Republicans of New Brighton. The effort of these Pittsburgh editors to run the politics of this county and district has proven a miserable failure as they will be fully convinced after the election.—*Beaver Argus.*

A couple of Pittsburgh reporters, and a few of our New Brighton neighbors have been "blathering" so much about Senator Rutan's connection with the Congressional matter, that he has left the county—in sheer disgust, we presume, on account of the perversity of human nature, and "man's inhumanity to man." He left on Monday for the "wild-cat" region, intending to help Gen. Harry White in his Congressional canvass.—*Beaver Times.*

SUIT OF SNYDER & CO.

Action Brought by Them Against the City.

A petition was filed in the Common Pleas Court yesterday before Judge Collier by N. Snyder & Co., through their counsel, Major A. M. Brown and W. H. Sutton, for a *mandamus* against the Water Committee and Councils, to restrain them from awarding the rising mains contract to Brush & Co., and to compel them to award the same to N. Snyder & Co., the *lowest responsible* bidders, as they maintain, according to the meaning of the Act of Assembly. The Court granted a rule on the defendants to show cause why the *mandamus* should not issue, and the matter will be argued on the 31st instant.

THE FIRE FUND.

Closing up the Books—The Accounts Referred to an Auditor.

At a meeting of the Citizens' Fire Relief Committee, which was appointed, as our readers are aware, to distribute relief to those persons who lost their property during the fire on the Fourth of July, in Allegheny, held several days ago, the balance of the funds in their hands was distributed, and the Secretary, Mr. Robert D. McGonnigle, was directed to request the Mayor to appoint three citizens to audit their accounts. That gentleman last evening sent a communication to the Mayor in regard to the matter, and His Honor appointed Messrs. David MacFerron, City Treasurer; James Brown, City Controller, and Joseph Elton, the committee to audit the accounts.

EAST END LARCENY.

The Alleged Thief Committed to Jail.

While different parts of the city have been troubled with robbers and thieves, the East End has not been without a few nocturnal visitors. Yesterday afternoon Jeremiah McCarthy was committed to jail by Alderman Mitchell, charged with the larceny of a suit of clothes, two overcoats, one dress coat, and thirty dollars in money. A warrant was placed in the hands of officer Hawley for the arrest of the offender, and by a little skill on the part of the Constable, he succeeded in capturing his game on board a train at East Liberty station, which he had boarded for Philadelphia. The officer found the stolen goods in possession of his prisoner, together with the thirty dollars which he had secreted in his mouth. Only ten dollars and fifty cents was recovered, the balance being swallowed by McCarthy. At the trial full particulars in the case will no doubt be brought out.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House—Mrs. Bowers in "Led Astray."

Seldom, if ever, has it happened in the history of the drama in this city that two such accomplished actresses as Mrs. D. P. Bowers and Mme. Janauschek, have appeared in substantially the same plays on two consecutive nights. This coincidence, however, has occurred this week, Janauschek having appeared in one dramatization of "Led Astray" on Tuesday night, and Mrs. Bowers in a somewhat different one last night. Curiosity was naturally felt by lovers of the drama to witness the acting of both artistes, and to compare the representations. This desire was increased from the fact that Mrs. Bowers is American and "to the manor born," while Mme Janauschek is German and has but comparatively from a recent date attempted to speak in the English language. To these circumstances, to some extent no doubt, may be attributed the fact that the Opera House was crowded last night and that, too, by an audience which by their well timed applause showed themselves to be thoroughly and justly critical.

The plot of "Led Astray" was published in the GAZETTE yesterday morning, and therefore no repetition of it will be necessary; and believing in the truth of the old adage "comparisons are odious," we shall refrain from indulging in comparisons between Mrs. Bowers and Mme. Janauschek. The part of *Armande Chandoux* is one which is admirably adapted to the dramatic powers of Mrs. Bowers. It gives opportunity for the representation of so many conflicting emotions, so much of love and hate, hope and despair, indecision and recklessness, that at the hands of any but a thorough artiste, the best points in the character could but be lost or, what is worse, be burlesqued. Mrs. Bowers, however, has the ability not only to thoroughly conceive the emotions of *Armande* but also the histrionic power to present them with vivid naturalness, to an audience. As a consequence, she last night gave a dramatic picture in which not only the broad outlines were clearly drawn, but also in which the lights and shadows were so admirably brought out that the created representation was one of real life in which the artist was forgotten, and the creation alone took place in the minds of those who looked upon it. The first act gives no very great scope for any fine acting upon the part of *Armande*, but even at its close Mrs Bowers' reading of the lines penned across the page of her cherished novel by *De Lesparre*, gave a foretaste of the treat in store. In the second act the love scene between herself and *De Lesparre* was admirably given. They are finding a mind congenial to her own, the rise of love toward him, and the struggle between this new born affection and her loyalty as a wife, were given so naturally that her auditors were completely carried away and many a sigh of relief was given when the scheming *roue* was dismissed from her presence. So in the third act, in the interview with the same person when she peremptorily orders him to leave Paris the conflict between inclination and duty was portrayed to the life. In this act, too, Mrs. Bowers completely thrilled her audience when she discovered her husband's intimacy with *Susanne*, and in a fit of overpowering temper tore from her shoulders the tell-tale cloak. The remaining acts gave scope for the display of much touching pathos, and in her interview with her husband before the duel, when he makes arrangements for her future in case he should be killed, the struggling emotions of pride, penitence and love were represented so vividly that the actress for the time was completely forgotten and the audience felt that they were passing with *Armande* through one of the darkest hours of affliction which ever fell to the lot of pure, but foolish wife.

But it is unnecessary to speak further at length of particular portions of the play. Throughout Mrs. Bowers fully sustained her reputation, and in reading and acting was as near perfection as we ever remember to have seen her. Mr. McCollom did much to add to the general symmetry of the performance. The part of *Rodolphe* is one of his best and one to which he is well adapted. The support, as a whole, acquitted themselves well, Mr. Egbert as *Hector* and Miss Baker as *Mathilde* demanding special mention.

The management deserve much credit for the manner in which the piece was placed upon the stage. The "sets" in each act were admirable and certainly the finest ever seen in this city.

To-night "Led Astray" will be repeated.

Library Hall—Janauschek.

Madame Janauschek concluded her engagement last night, and in her farewell performance she was greeted, as on both the previous evenings, by a house crowded from pit to gallery. She appeared as *Deborah* in Dr. Mosenthal's drama of the same name.

This production is considered one of Janauschek's strongest proformances, and deservedly claimed the close and almost breathless attention of the audience. Her interview with *Joseph* at the forest cross; her appeal to him at the doorway of the cottage, and especially the scene in the churchyard are masterpieces of dramatic art. The interest reaches a climax, however, in the awful curse which *Deborah* invokes upon her former lover, *Joseph*, at the end of the fourth act. This was a magnificent bit of declamation, coupled with remarkable acting. From the moment when she catches sight, through the church door, of her false lover, to whose nuptial vows she has just sealed hers, to that other moment when she launches at him the tremendous curse of Jehovah's chosen people, her acting is about as true to nature as acting well can be, and terribly effective in all particulars. It is a woman acting and speaking from the standpoint of crushed pride and love, scorned and trodden upon; the voice of a woman's heart heard amid the sighs of grief, the tones of aroused passion, either in supplication or denunciation. In the latter her acting was hardly less striking. When *Joseph*, having been deceived concerning her constancy, reproaches her with having been purchased to desert him, and further insulted her by throwing down at her feet a purse as he turned to enter the house, she concentrated a world of agony into her cry of *Jo-seph!* Staggering and reeling with suppressed emotion she followed him to the door, and when it was closed in her face, threw herself upon the step, while her whole soul seemed to go out in a repetition of that agonized cry of *Jo-seph.* In the last act the scene between *Deborah* and the little child of *Joseph* was also very touching although in an entirely different manner. The spirit of revenge has been allayed by a few words of kindness and still further affected by learning that the child has been named for her and that she has been held in kind remembrance. She caresses the little one, which an hour before she would have been capable of destroying, and leaving in the restored rosary a token of her forgiveness, she departs with blessings upon her life, just as *Joseph* and his wife *Hanna* make their appearance. So ends the play and the curtain falls on a tableau. Madame Janauschek was called out once and paid the tribute of tremendous applause, and a second time her auditors persistently demanded her appearance before the curtain but she refused.

Fifth Avenue Theatre.

To-night there will be an entire change of programme at the theater, and Tony Denier's popular pantomime troupe will appear in a number of performances altogether different from those that startled such great amusement during the last three nights, but fully as entertaining and every bit as laughable and enjoyable. The comic pantomime of "Jack and the Beanstalk" abounds with as much humor and as funny situations as "Humpty Dumpty," and although the latter is a great favorite on the boards the other will doubtless acquire as great a reputation. It will be produced this evening together with a number of other effective pieces.

The Library Lectures.

Since the publication of the programme for the Library Lecture season, the interest in the course has been greatly increased, and the indications are that the efforts of the Association will be rewarded with a liberal patronage. The season tickets are being disposed of in an encouraging way, and this morning the sale of reserved seats will take place at the Library rooms at eleven o'clock. These will be the only seats sold during the season; hence those who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity should be on hand at the Library rooms this morning.

The first entertainment of the course will be given November 3, and the others will follow at intervals of a week or a fortnight. The season promises to be an unusually enjoyable one.

Rose Wood—Sherry Combination.

Miss Rose Wood, the well-known young actress, commences an engagement next Monday evening at Library Hall. She will be assisted by E. A. Locke, Lewis Morrison, both favorite comedians, and Sherry's Dramatic Combination. The drama to be produced is "Rose; or, the Mystery of the Deserted House." It is a society play, in four acts, written expressly for Miss Wood and Mr. Morrison, by Celia Logan, and is interesting in both dialogue and plot.

Musical and Dramatic Notes.

JOHN MCCULLOUGH is playing with great success in Baltimore

THE Khedive of Egypt wants Adelina Patti for the Cairo Opera House for 1876.

PASDELOUP proposes to bring out "Elijah," by Mendelssohn, this winter in Paris.

OFFENBACH has made in one year at the Gaite, Paris, over $400,000, of which "Orphee aux Enfers" drew more than half.

MME. PATTI sang at Brighton. She goes to Paris to appear in "Les Huguenots," for the benefit of the French natives of Alsace and Lorraine.

SIG. BRIGNOLI has revived the furor of past years by his inimitable Lionel, in "Martha," with Mapleson's company, a few weeks ago, in Dublin.

CAPOUL and Faure, in "Les Deux Avenjles," carried off all the honors at the recent benefit of the seventy-four-year-old Mille. Dejazet in Paris.

AN Infant prodigy by the name of Baby Bradley is announced by the New Orleans critics, who proclaim her "unrivaled in their experience." Wonderful child!

An Elegant Ridge Avenue Building Site.

For sale, 75 feet on Ridge avenue by 120 to an alley. This property is situated on one of the most fashionable, desirable and convenient portions of Allegheny City, near the elegant residences of Lincoln and Allegheny avenues and other fine portions on Ridge. Any person looking for a site for a home would do well to examine it. Will make terms and prices advantageous to buyers. Enquire of A. E. Carpenter, Pennsylvania Railroad metal yard, corner of Seventh avenue and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. TTH

THE COURTS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

State Supreme Court.

(Chief Justice Agnew Presiding.)

Nelson Waters, plaintiff in error and plaintiff below vs. Ezra Cooper. Error to the Common Pleas of Crawford county. Argument continued by McCoy for plaintiff in error and W. R. Role contra.

Samuel Smith, John Mawhinney, Wm. Phillips, John Munhall, John Vannasdall, William Davis, Thomas McMichael and Matthew McGarvey, plaintiffs in error and defendants below vs. Wm. T. Neil and John Wilson. Error to the Common Pleas of Venango county. Argued by C. Heydrick for plaintiffs in error, and Neil and B. J. Reid contra.

United States District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless.)

The following true bills of indictment were returned by the Grand Jury yesterday: United States vs. Guy C. Scofield, charged with withholding money from a claimant; Same vs. W. W. Ingoshon, charged with knowingly depositing in the post-office an indecent publication; Same vs. Robert H. Chase for retailing liquor without payment of tax. True bills were also returned against the following parties on the same charge—illegally retailing liquor: Patrick Tynan, John Hughes, August Glessner, A. T. Harrington. True bills were returned against the following parties for failing to post stamps as retail liquor dealers: Terrence McMahon, John Stagerwhill, Anthony Sarache and Thomas Kilbocker. In the case of John Faas, indicted for purchasing unstamped cigars, purchasing cigars from manufacturers who had not paid tax, and buying and selling in his possession unstamped cigars, a true bill was rendered. True bills were also rendered in the following cases against cigar dealers: John McElvey, John F. Langhuan, Authur Rodgers, Joseph Wagoner and Jacob Werser.

On motion of H. C. Johns, Esq., Wm. A. Stone, Esq., of Wellsburg, Tioga county, was duly qualified and admitted to practice as an attorney of this Court.

In the case of the United States vs. Frederick Hahn, convicted of carrying on the business of retailing liquor without payment of special tax, a motion was made for a new trial, and reasons filed.

At the instance of the United States District Attorney a *nolle pros* was entered in the case of David Meike, indicted for passing counterfeit money.

The next case tried was a forfeiture case of the United States vs. one barrel of whisky, claimed by A. Reinstrom & Co. A verdict in favor of the United States was rendered.

Verdicts of guilty were rendered and, on motion of District Attorney Reed, sentence suspended on the following cases against cigar dealers for selling unstamped cigars: United States vs. Arthur Rodgers, same vs. John McKelvy, same vs. Joseph Wagoner.

In the matter of John McClelland and Isaac Stewart, of Crawford county, bankrupts, a petition for discharge was presented, and the usual order made for final examination.

In the case of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, alleged bankrupts, on petition of E. P. Jones, trustee, &c., a restraining order was made against Wm. Maher, et al., execution creditors.

In the matter of Wm. Bennett, of Wyoming county, bankrupt, the petitions of Benjamin J. Hull, Sterling & Son, and Jacob Hallo, for the ascertainment and liquidation of alleged liens, were referred to Register Overton for examination and report.

In the matter of J. T. Stockdale vs. Emma A. Sproat, alleged bankrupt, upon motion of solicitor for debtor and a list of creditors being filed, as required by the last amendment to the bankrupt act, twenty days were given to the creditors to perfect their case.

In the matter of Paul W. Garfield, bankrupt, the injunction heretofore granted against Charles Irwin and D. D. Williams, was dissolved.

On petition the provisional assignee, in the matter of J. H. Palmer, & Co., alleged bankrupts, was ordered to sell certain personal property.

District Court.

[Judge Kirkpatrick on the Bench.]

The list of yesterday was disposed of as follows:

Adler vs. Frazier Bros. was settled.

Bushnell for use of Lockhart & Frew vs. Union Refining and Storing Company was continued at plaintiff's cost.

City of Allegheny vs. Simon Drum was continued by consent.

Woodward vs. Aikens & Rainbow was continued by consent.

Steffer & Clark vs. Besterman was referred, John S. Lambie, D. D. Bruce and S. P. Fulten, as arbitrators.

City of Pittsburgh vs. James Anderson et al. was continued.

In the case of Hastings & Co., vs. Lane and wife, taken up Monday, the jury is out.

In the case of the Western Insurance Company vs. A. J. Draco, a verdict for plaintiff was returned for $1,700.

Trial List for To-day.

Nease & Co. vs. Donovan et al.
Carson vs. Stewart.
Bausman vs. Long.
McKean vs. Elkins, Bly & Co.
Callows, administrator, vs. Horner & Co.
Messick vs. Chambers et al.
Galway vs. Marshall.
Smith vs. Riddle, administrator.
G. Wymer et ux vs. Bliss.

Common Pleas Court.

(Before Judges Stowe and Collier.)

The libel suit of S. T. Meller vs. the Leader Publishing Company, was concluded yesterday afternoon, and the case given to the jury.

In the case of James H. Hays vs. Martin Briggs, surviving Thomas W. Briggs, an action for rent of a coal mine, which was tried before Judge Stowe, a verdict was returned for the plaintiff for $1,117.

In the case of Peter Hamm vs. Caroline Hamm, an action in divorce, a final decree was refused.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of D. E. Angell & Co. on petition presented, Hugh Lafferty and Thos. Gennell were appointed appraisers.

There is no change in the trial list for to-day.

Criminal Court.

(Before Judge Sterrett.)

John Zimmer plead guilty to the charge of selling liquor without license, on oath of A. Hartley.

John Sheldon, indicted at the instance of the Court for consenting to be a second in a duel, was found guilty.

William *alias* Bull White, indicted also at the instance of the Court for consenting to be a principal in a duel with Jimmy Donavan, was found guilty.

B. W. Clark and Richard McGowan, indicted for larceny on oath of Eliza McPherson. Indictment quashed on account of its variance from the information.

Wm. Craneford plead guilty to the larceny of a pocket book on oath of Jackson Scott.

Daniel Harvey, indicted for the larceny of one hundred feet of pine lumber, was found not guilty.

Peter Slater, indicted for the larceny of a silver watch and twenty-five dollars, indicted on oath of James Carr. Jury out.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs.

Margaret Woods,	Mary Angle,
Sarah Stamates,	Alex. McKay,
Robert Ray,	James Kimlin,
James Donovan,	Theo. Miller,
Chas. McKibben,	J. B. Wilson,
R. Lawyer,	Geo. Bartlett,
John Hawley,	James McQuiston,
A. Roth,	Henry Koezen,
John Owens.	J. T. Buettner.

Supreme Court.

In the Supreme Court to-day motions were submitted to advance the Wisconsin Grangers' cases, and it is probable that a day will be fixed for their hearing on Monday next.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following deeds were filed for record since our last report:

David W. Gilmore to Robert Scott, September 16, 1874; lot in Wilkins township, one acre. Price.....$300

John Kalee to Matthias Naser, July 11, 1874; lot in Foster's plan, Seventeenth ward, city, 25x125 feet. Price.....$3,200

Highland Sub-School District of Pittsburgh to Joseph Graham, December 26, 1872; portion of lot 10, in Negly's plan, Nineteenth ward, city. Price.....$600

J. E. Bowman to George Wolstoncroft, Oct. 15, 1874; three acres of land in Robinson township. Price.....$1,200

Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Company to W. T. Chaffey, June 1, 1874; two lots, each 20x100 feet, in Chartiers township. Price.....$960

William Wessel and George Noll to H. J. Welsh, August 25, 1871; three lots in Millvale borough, 48x90 feet. Price.....$700

Samuel Miller to Harris Barthinickey, July 31, 1874; lot on Cypress street, Twenty-third ward, city, 20x100 feet. Price..$540

A. Kwoozalla to Mrs. Elizabeth Poralla, Oct. 5, 1874; lot on Penn avenue, Sixteenth ward, 27x130 feet. Price.....$700

Robert Gillespie to John Meals, Jr., et. al. April 1, 1869; lot in Library village, 128 perches. Price.....$100

James R. Hellon to Julia Shields, Dec. 28, 1873; lot 25x105 feet, in Wilkins township, with buildings. Price.....$1,200

Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Company to A. L. Patterson, Oct. 14, 1874; ten lots in Chartiers township, in Company's plan. Price.....$8,600

Read the Following Special Announcement.

It is rumored that the Government requires possession of my store for the

NEW POSTOFFICE.

I am, therefore, compelled to sacrifice my elegant stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, which is all new and has been manufactured for this season. After spending hundreds of dollars in remodeling my store this season, I am now compelled to set the ball in motion and commence the sale at once, and as every garment must be sold without reserve, I will make such concessions on my former low prices as will insure the rapid sale and a clean sweep of my entire stock, which was never so extensive nor so excellent in style and quality; and those who come first will secure the cheapest bargains.

The best clothing made to order at 40 per cent. less than elsewhere.

T. TOBIAS,
Big 13, Sixth street.

Ladies Watches.

The largest assortment of Ladies Gold Watches in the city to be found at Geo. W. Biggs, No. 139 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth avenue.

Dr. Gale French,

DENTIST,
258 Penn avenue.

$10 to $1,000 invested in Stocks and Gold pays 200 per cent. a month. Send for particulars. Tumbridge & Co., Bankers, Wall St., N. Y. d&S

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

Frosty nights.

Allegheny Councils to-night.

Soda fountains gush no more.

Farmers complain of a lack of rain.

Dealers report the trade in revolvers brisk.

Janauschek is a Shiek among actresses.

Travel over our railroads is unusually heavy just now.

A ton of hay on the South Side is worth twenty-six dollars.

The Janauschek season aggregated $1,200 for each of the three nights.

A lady fainted last evening in Library Hall during the play of "Deborah."

Frisky Nimrods should remember that partridges may be shot in November and December.

Printer's ink may be black, but it sheds more light than any other luminary, however bright.

Boxes rule the world—the cartridge box, the ballot box, the jury box, the band box and the pill box.

The long winter evenings are coming; social pleasure and mental improvement should be provided for.

The Crusaders paid their respects to a few saloon keepers on Fifth avenue, between Grant street and Wylie avenue, yesterday.

The amusement season seems not be affected by "hard times,"—but the attractions thus far in that line have been unusually brilliant.

Janauschek will probably return again before the season is over. She is delighted with the reception given her by the Pittsburghers.

The hall of Zeno lodge No. 784, I. O. O. F., above Jones & Laughlin's store, on the South Side, was dedicated last night, with appropriate ceremonies.

Every third person in Library Hall last night appeared to be afflicted with a bad cough which became obstreperous at the most inopportune moments.

The latest variation in the compounding of delicious bologna is an admixture of horseflesh—for which process a couple of Allegheny knights of the cleaver have the patent.

The gentlemen appointed by the Court to audit the accounts of the City Hall Commission will meet at ten o'clock this morning in the Reception room of Municipal Hall.

A party of six Japanese tycoons, princes, grand moguls, mandarins, or what ever else sounds best passed through the city yesterday morning on their way to Harvard College.

The plans of a would-be robber on the South Side were foiled on Tuesday night by one John Boren, of St. Clair township, who threatened to thrash his follower with a wagon whip. A little pluck did it.

On Tuesday afternoon a carpenter fell from the second floor of the new Edgeward school house, in Allegheny, and sustained severe injuries. He was removed to his home and medical aid summoned.

Alderman Graham, of Allegheny, committed John Pritting to jail yesterday, to await a trial in court to six charges of alleged violation of the liquor laws. He was taken into custody by officers Scott and Powell.

Another decision has been reached in the case of Rev. W. M. White. The synod in session at Washington, to which he appealed his case, has decided against him by a vote of 46 to 71, five members being excused from voting.

Stephen Curn yesterday entered suit before the Acting Mayor charging Thomas Owens and Charles Hazlett with the larceny of his house in Minersville, and endangering the lives of his wife and children. A warrant was issued.

Acting Mayor McMaster yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of Patrick Kady, a Marbury street pugilist, who is charged with the larceny of $109.30 from his cousin, Patrick Connors, while the latter was in a slightly inebriated condition.

William Johnston, late of this city, whose will was filed in the Register's office yesterday, bequeaths to his wife his homestead in Indiana township, and all his personal property, and appoints her sole executrix. The instrument is dated July 3, 1874.

An action of ejectment was commenced in the Common Pleas Court yesterday by Andrew Grubbs, against Frederick McGee and John Good to recover possession of about 100 acres of land in Ohio township. Summons was issued returnable the first Monday of December.

There is a split between the Xantha and Smoky City base ball clubs regarding the whereabouts of $100, which was received as the proceeds of the game between the two clubs and which was to be given to the mother of young Sullivan, who was killed by a blow from a bat some time ago.

At the meeting of Allegheny Councils this evening an ordinance will be presented in the Common branch to rearrange the salaries paid the city officers,—the change to take effect at the beginning of next year. It is proposed to reduce some salaries, make no change in some, and to raise others.

A delegation of Cleveland Councilmen, accompanied by the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of that city, arrived in Pittsburgh last evening for the purpose of inspecting our fire department, with the view of adopting such improvements as they think will prove beneficial to them.

Mr. John Powell who resides on Carson street, South Side, made a narrow escape from death on Tuesday night. He was carrying a little daughter across the street at the time above named, when he was struck by a wagon tongue, knocking him senseless, after which the horses attempted to run off, but he fortunately got out of the way.

From a statement submitted by the Chief Engineer of the Water Works it appears that the following amount of stone was delivered in Haight's Run and laid in the reservoirs up to the 19th inst.:

Number of yards of stone delivered in Haight's Run.....20,248

Number of yards taken from Haight's Run and laid in two reservoirs.... 11,860

Number of yards of stone remaining in Haight's Run on which the city has made advances.....8,388

Mr. Ladley, the S. P. C. A., yesterday had James Ardary before the acting Mayor to answer six cases against him for cruelty to animals, in working them, while in an unfit condition, on the improvement of the principal road in Allegheny. He was fined ten dollars and costs in each case, amounting in all to $70.50. Mr. Ladley then gave Ardary notice that he must at once stable four of the horses, but that the two others might be put at light work if the proper protection was used on their sores, so that the work could do them no harm.

A meeting of the Bridge Committee was held yesterday afternoon in the City Clerk's office. A resolution authorizing the purchase of the Smithfield street bridge, over the Monongahela river, was referred to the City Solicitor for his opinion. Another resolution empowering a private company to build a bridge across the Monongahela river at the Point, was referred to the City Solicitor with instructions to draw up an ordinance, which shall give the company power to collect tolls for fifty years, at the expiration of which time the city can take the bridge at its original cost.

PERSONAL.

***Our neighbor, Mr. Jacob Keller returned from Europe on Tuesday, having enjoyed excellent health during all his journeyings on sea and land. On the evening of his return he was serenaded and otherwise cordially welcomed home by his friends.

***The Harrisburg *Telegraph* of yesterday contains the following personal note that will be of interest here: "On Saturday evening last, at the entertainment given by the congregation of Grace M. E. church, Rev. C. A. Holmes, D. D., was presented by a friend (whose extreme modesty will not allow the publication of his name), on behalf of J. C. Young's Bible class and their friends, with a gentleman's beautiful gown or Prince Albert coat. Appropriate, on occasions of this kind, the Doctor was kept in profound ignorance of what was about so happen until the moment of presentation. Doctor Holmes was taken by surprise, but maintained his equilibrium, and accepted the same with appropriate remarks, eulogizing the class, &c. The wrapper was made by William D. Martin, Third street near State, and the workmanship is executed in fine style."

THE U. P. CHURCH.

Meeting of the Synod of Pittsburgh—The Routine Work on Hand—The Committee Appointments.

The Pittsburgh Synod of the U. P. Church commenced its thirteenth annual session in the Union Church, on Tuesday afternoon, there being a full attendance of members.

The opening sermon was preached by the retiring Moderator, Rev. R. B. Ewing, of East Liberty, from the words, "And he spake boldly in the name of the Lord Jesus." Acts 9:29.

The Synod was then constituted by the election of Rev. D. H. Pollock as Moderator. Rev. Dr. W. J. Reid was re-elected Clerk for four years ensuing, and Rev. J. A. Nelson assistant.

The Standing Committees were then announced, with the following chairmen: Bills and Overtures, Rev. J. M. Adair; Judicial, Rev. G. C. Vincent, D. D.; Narrative of State of Religion, Rev. D. S. Little; Devotional Exercises, Rev. John C. Boyd; Finance, Rev. C. H. Elder; Boards of Church, Rev. Bryson Porter; Education, Rev. D. W. Collins.

The business introduced was referred to the Appropriate Committees, it being generally of a routine character. The only change was a reference of the report of the Board of Freedmen's Missions to a Special Committee, of which Rev. W. S. Owens is Chairman.

Mr. Keesport was fixed upon as the place for the next meeting.

Rev. D. M. B. McLean, yesterday afternoon, preached a sermon on Christian Beneficence.

The Synod will probably adjourn to-day.

Wall Street Stock Speculations

Fully explained in the *Wall Street Reporter*, also the new method of operating in Puts, Calls, or Double Privileges, by investing from $10 to $100. Mailed free by L. W. Biggs, No. 159 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth avenue.

Dr. Gale French,

DENTIST,
258 Penn avenue.

Persons engaged during the day have the opportunity of acquiring a thorough knowledge of Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, etc., in the evenings. No class system. Individual instruction. Full corps of teachers. For circulars apply at the office of Duff's college, 49 Fifth avenue.

N. B.—Evening session from 7 to 9.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels from Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia.

CENTRAL HOTEL.

J. A. Haddis, Rices La'g.
L. J. Jeffries and Wife, Fayette Co.
A. Stewart, Uniontown.
J. J. Wray, do
H. DeLane, do
G. B. Hamilton, Phila.
M. Goldsmith, do
E. Brown, do
J. McCartney, Manor Sta
D. Gilchreist, do
J. S. Kinkaid and wife, Karns City.
J. Wilhelm, Connellsville
D. W. Foresman, Williamsport.
J. Copenhaven, Olive Place.
S. Breckenridge, M'dville
W. H. Williamson & lady
Colliers, W. Va.
C. E. Radcliff, Monongahela City.
Miss Young, do
H. Sheper, do
C. Brown, Birdsville.
Mrs. Bowker, do

UNION DEPOT HOTEL.

S. D. Day, Brownsville.
G. W. Mills, do
A. J. Dickison, Tinsv'e
R. W. Hall, do
F. Sylvester, Phila.
Miss L. Green, do
Miss Carrie Green, Phila.
Mrs. R. Thompson, do
J. Woodruff, do
J. R. Sweeney, do
W. M. Read and w., do
W. M. Ayres, do
W. M. Lloyd, do
P. Yarnall, do
E. E. Rosan, do
A. L. Hines and w., do
H. H. Graves, do
Mrs. T. W. Hatten, do
A. S. Howell and wife, Wheeling, W. Va.
G. Swift, Wheeling, W. Va.
C. H. Booth and wife, Wheeling, W. Va.
N. F. Chipman, Washington.
D. T. Carnahan, Oil City
J. H. Cunningham, Johnstown.
S. Kinkaid and wife, Karns City.
J. F. Miller, Huntingdon
G. M. Comfort and wife, Fallington.
E. Pierce, Dennison, O.
W. Byers, Butler.
T. Griffin, St. Petersb'g.
S. Breckenridge, Meadville.
C. M. Lynch, Erie.
G. J. Wheeler, do

ST. CLAIR HOTEL.

R. D. Cunningham, Bonansta.
F. D. Longfitt, Tidioute.
H. H. Fullerton, do
J. Beville, Philadelphia.
J. Horn, do
T. W. Moorhead, do
H. F. Gruendler, do
C. Mcquade, Clarion.
W. Baggal, Maysville.
W. Logan, do
J. G. Walker, do
R. D. Walker, do
W. J. Evans, Oakdale.
J. McGough, Dinsmore.
W. Williams, Tallyeway.
W. Moyer, N. Hamburg.
J. G. Desollum, Salineville, O.
J. B. Chambers, Apollo.
S. W. Lee and wife, Burgettstown.
G. Mellinger and wife.
Mr. Pleasant.
W. McDonald, Elizab'th.
Mrs. Richards, Alivonia.

HORSE HASH.

Two Knights of the Cleaver Arrested for Dispensing Sausage a la Equine—A Nice Dose for Allegheanians—An Appetizing Breakfast Item.

For several days past rumors have been circulated in Allegheny to the effect that certain butchers of that city were making bologna sausages from horseflesh and selling them to the public. Yesterday morning these rumors reached Mr. William Zehnder, Meat Inspector, and David Hastings, Market Clerk, of Allegheny. They at once started out to ascertain the truth of the rumors, and before evening they were satisfied of their truth. After some looking around they obtained a good clue, and traced it to two men named John and Jacob Ehresman, who have a slaughter house in Pleasant Valley, a short distance above the old car stables. On examining the place a barrel containing some meat was found, and on its being submitted to Dr. Czarnicki, the Pathmaster of Allegheny, he pronounced it horse flesh. They then examined the yard and dug up nineteen hoofs of horses, several skulls, and a number of other bones, and also several horses' hides. The skulls all showed evidence of being crushed in with an axe or hammer. An information was lodged before Mayor Fleming against the two men, charging them with selling unwholesome meat, and they were arrested and locked up for a hearing. The